ATTACHMENT A

REDACTED VERSION OF DOCUMENT PROPOSED TO BE FILED UNDER SEAL

Case 2:23-cv-01043-JWH-KES Document 305-22 Filed 01/31/24 Page 2 of 122 Page ID REDACTED VERSION OF DOCUMENT PROPOSED TO BE FILED UNDER SEAL Christopher S. Marchese (SBN 170239) 1 marchese@fr.com 2 Tyler R. Train (SBN 318998) train@fr.com 3 FISH & RICHARDSON P.C. 633 West Fifth Street, 26th Floor 4 Los Angeles, CA 90071 Tel: (213) 533-4240 / Fax: (858) 678-5099 5 6 Adam R. Shartzer (admitted pro hac vice) shartzer@fr.com 7 Ruffin B. Cordell (admitted pro hac vice) cordell@fr.com 8 Richard A. Sterba (admitted *pro hac vice*) 9 sterba@fr.com Ralph A. Phillips (admitted *pro hac vice*) 10 rphillips@fr.com Michael J. Ballanco (admitted pro hac vice) 11 ballanco@fr.com Taylor C. Burgener (SBN 348769) 12 burgener@fr.com 13 FISH & RICHARDSON P.C. 1000 Maine Ave., SW, Suite 1000 14 Washington, DC 20024 Tel: (202) 783-5070 / Fax: (202) 783-2331 15 16 Additional Counsel Listed on Signature Page 17 Attorneys for Defendant Dish Network California Service 18 Corp. Defendants and Counter-Claimants 19

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, SOUTHERN DIVISION

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REDACTED VERSION OF DOCUMENT PROPOSED TO BE FILED UNDER SEAL

1	ENTROPIC COMMUNICATIONS, LLC,	Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES
2 3	Plaintiff,	DEFENDANTS DISH NETWORK CORPORATION; DISH NETWORK L.L.C; AND DISH NETWORK
4	V.	SERVICE L.L.C.'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES AND
5	DISH NETWORK CORPORATION; DISH NETWORK L.L.C.; DISH	COUNTERCLAIMS TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT
6	NETWORK SERVICE L.L.C.; AND DISH NETWORK CALIFORNIA	DEFENDANT DISH NETWORK
7	SERVICE CORPORATION,	CALIFORNIA SERVICE CORP.'S
8	Defendants.	FIRST AMENDED ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES AND
9		COUNTERCLAIMS TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT
10		JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
11		District Indee Hen John W. Heleemb
12		District Judge: Hon. John W. Holcomb Magistrate Judge: Hon. Karen E. Scott
13		Complaint Filed: 2/10/2023
14	DISH NETWORK CORPORATION;	1
15	DISH NETWORK L.L.C.; DISH NETWORK SERVICE L.L.C.; DISH	
16	NETWORK CALIFORNIA SERVICE CORPORATION; AND DISH	
17	TECHNOLOGIES, L.L.C.	
18	Counter-	
19	Claimant Claimants,	
20	v.	
21	ENTROPIC COMMUNICATIONS,	
22	LLC; MAXLINEAR, INC.; AND MAXLINEAR COMMUNICATIONS	
23	LLC,	
24	Counter-Defendants.	
25		
26		
27		
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DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT

Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

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Defendant Dish Network California Service Corp. ("Defendant" or "Dish California") by By and through its attorneys, Defendants DISH Network Corporation; DISH Network L.L.C.; and Dish Network Service L.L.C. (collectively "DISH Colorado") files its their Answer, Affirmative and Additional Defenses, and Counterclaims to Plaintiff Entropic Communications, LLC's ("Plaintiff" and "Entropic") Complaint for Patent Infringement; Defendant Dish Network California Service Corp. ("Dish California") files its First Amended Answer, Affirmative and Additional Defenses, and First Amended Counterclaims to Plaintiff Entropic Communications, LLC's ("Plaintiff" and "Entropic") Complaint for Patent Infringement; and Counter-Claimant DISH Technologies L.L.C. ("DISH Technologies") files counterclaims against Plaintiff and Counterclaim-Defendants MaxLinear, Inc. and MaxLinear Communications LLC.¹

ANSWER

<u>DISH Colorado and Dish California responds(collectively, "DISH" or "Defendants") respond</u> to the allegations contained in the numbered paragraphs of Entropic's Complaint below. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies all allegations and characterizations in Entropic's Complaint unless expressly admitted in the following paragraphs.

1. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 1 of the Complaint, and therefore denies them.

This combined filing represents the first answer, affirmative defenses, and counterclaims filed by DISH Network Corporation; DISH Network L.L.C.; and Dish Network Service L.L.C.; and the first amended answer, affirmative defenses, and counterclaims filed by Dish Network California Service Corporation. For convenience, each of these defendants provides its answer, affirmative defenses, and counterclaims in this single filing.

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- 2. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint, and therefore denies them.
- 3. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint, and therefore denies them.
- 4. <u>Dish CaliforniaDISH</u> denies that it takes advantage of MoCA without paying appropriate licensing fees for the technology. <u>Dish CaliforniaDISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remainder of the allegations in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint, and therefore denies them.
- 5. The allegations of paragraph 5 contain legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required, Dish California DISH admits that Entropic purports to assert patent infringement claims against Dish California DISH involving U.S. Patent Nos. 7,295,518 (the "'518 Patent"), 7,594,249 (the "'249 Patent"); U.S. Patent Nos. 7,889,759 (the "'759 Patent"), 8,085,802 (the "'802 Patent"); U.S. Patent Nos. 9,838,213 (the "'213 Patent"), 10,432,422 (the "'422 Patent"); U.S. Patent Nos. 8,631,450 (the "'450 Patent"), 8,621,539 (the "'539 Patent"); U.S. Patent No. 8,320,566 (the "'0,566") Patent"); U.S. Patent No. 10,257,566 (the "'7,566 Patent"); U.S. Patent No. 8,228,910 (the "'910 Patent"); U.S. Patent No. 8,363,681 (the "'681 Patent") (collectively all of the patents are referred to herein as the "Patents-in-Suit" or "Asserted Patents"). Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations regarding whether the patents incorporate various elements of technology set forth in the specifications of the Multimedia over Coax Alliance standards (which Entropic refers to as the "MoCA standards"), and therefore denies them.² Dish California DISH denies all remaining allegations of paragraph 5.

² Each version of the MoCA standards is referred to herein as "MoCA 1.0," "MoCA 1.1," and/or "MoCA 2.0."

PARTIES

- 6. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 6, and therefore denies them.
- 7. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 7, and therefore denies them.
- 8. <u>Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of DISH admits</u> the allegations <u>inof</u> paragraph 8, and therefore denies them.
- 9. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of DISH admits the allegations inof paragraph 9, and therefore denies them.
- 10. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of <u>DISH admits</u> the allegations inof paragraph 10, and therefore denies them.
- 11. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of <u>DISH</u> admits the allegations inof paragraph 11, and therefore denies them.
- 12. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of <u>DISH</u> admits the allegations inof paragraph 12, and therefore denies them.
 - 13. <u>Dish California DISH</u> admits the allegations of paragraph 13.
 - 14. <u>Dish California DISH</u> admits the allegations of paragraph 14.
- 15. Dish California admits that for Dish California, jurisdiction and venue is proper in this District. For the remaining parties and allegations in paragraph 15, Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 15 and therefore denies them DISH Colorado denies that, for DISH Colorado, jurisdiction and venue is proper in this District.

PRESUIT DISCUSSIONS

16.	Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a
belief as D	ISH admits that Entropic sent communications dated March 9, 2022;
December	23, 2022; and January 2, 2023. As to the truth of the remaining allegations
in-and char	racterizations of paragraph 16, and therefore DISH denies them.

ENTROPIC'S LEGACY AS AN INNOVATOR

- 17. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies that Entropic Communications, Inc. is the predecessor-in-interest to Entropic. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 17, and therefore denies them.
- 18. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 18, and therefore denies them.
- 19. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 19, and therefore denies them.
- 20. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies that Entropic Inc. pioneered innovative networking technologies. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 20, and therefore denies them.
- 21. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 21, and therefore denies them.
- 22. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 22, and therefore denies them.

MOCA® AND THE MOCA® STANDARDS

- 23. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 23, and therefore denies them.
- 24. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 24, and therefore denies them.

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1	25. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
2	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 25, and therefore denies them.
3	26. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
4	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 26, and therefore denies them.
5	27. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
6	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 27, and therefore denies them.
7	28. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
8	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 28, and therefore denies them.
9	29. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
10	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 29, and therefore denies them.
11	30. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
12	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 30, and therefore denies them.
13	31. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
14	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 31, and therefore denies them.
15	32. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
16	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 32, and therefore denies them.
17	33. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
18	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 33, and therefore denies them.
19	34. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
20	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 34, and therefore denies them.
21	35. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
22	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 35, and therefore denies them.
23	36. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
24	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 36, and therefore denies them.
25	37. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
26	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 37, and therefore denies them.
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THE ACCUSED MOCA INSTRUMENTALITIES AND ACCUSED SERVICES

- 38. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 38, and therefore denies them.
- 39. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 39, and therefore denies them.
- 40. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 40, and therefore denies them.
- 41. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 41, and therefore denies them.
- 42. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 42, and therefore denies them.
- 43. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 43, and therefore denies them.
- 44. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 44, and therefore denies them.
- 45. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 45, and therefore denies them.
- 46. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 46, and therefore denies them.
- 47. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 47, and therefore denies them.
- 48. <u>Dish California DISH</u> states that the cited video speaks for itself. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 48, and therefore denies them.
- 49. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 49, and therefore denies them.

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50.	Dish Cali	Fornia DISH lacks	knowledge or	information	sufficient to	o form
a belief	as to the truth	of the allegations i	in paragraph 5	50, and there	fore denies t	hem.

- 51. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 51, and therefore denies them.
- 52. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 52, and therefore denies them.
- 53. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 53, and therefore denies them.
- 54. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 54, and therefore denies them.
- 52. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California lacks knowledge or Denied.

 55.53. DISH admits that one of its subsidiaries was on the Board of the MoCA

 Alliance from 2017 to 2019. DISH lacks knowledge of information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations inof paragraph 5553, and therefore denies them.
- 56. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 56, and therefore denies them.
- 57. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 57, and therefore denies them.
 - 54. Denied.
 - 55. Denied.
 - 56. Denied.
- 57. Denied.

1	<u>JURISDICTION AND VENUE</u>
2	58. <u>Dish California DISH</u> admits that this Court has subject matt
3	jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
4	California DISH denies all remaining allegations contained in paragraph 58.
5	59. Dish California admits that it will not contest that venue is proper in the
6	court for purposes of this action, and admits it has transacted business in this Distric
7	Dish California DISH Colorado denies that venue is proper in this District, and deni
8	that it has transacted business in this District. DISH denies that it has committed an
9	act of patent infringement allegedly described in the Complaint. Dish California at
10	otherwise denies all remaining allegations contained in paragraph 59.
11	60. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
12	belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 60, and therefore denies them.
13	61. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
14	belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 61, and therefore denies them.
15	60. Dish California DISH admits that Entropic Comm's LLC v. DIS
16	Network Corp., Case No. 2:22-cv-07959-JWH-(JEMx) was transferred to this Cou
17	from the Eastern District of Texas (Entropic Comm's, LLC v. DISH Network Corp
18	DISH Network LLC, DISH Network Service LLC, Case No. 2:22-cv-00076 JRG of
19	October 24, 2022. DISH denies the remaining allegations in paragraph 60.
20	61. Paragraph 61 characterizes an order issued by the Eastern District
21	Texas and contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a respon
22	is required, DISH states that the order issued by the Eastern District of Texas speak
23	for itself. DISH otherwise denies the allegations and characterizations of paragrap
24	<u>61.</u>
25	62. DISH admits that it will not contest, for the purposes of this action, the

- DISH admits that it will not contest, for the purposes of this action, that Dish California DISH is subject to personal jurisdiction in this Court. California DISH denies all remaining allegations contained in paragraph 62.
 - Dish California Denied. 63.

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63. 64	DISH admits that it maintains a website that allows consumers to interact
with service	s it provides. DISH otherwise denies the allegations and characterization
of paragrapl	n <u>6364</u> .

- 64.65. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as DISH admits that it provides television and other services to customers in the truth of United States. DISH otherwise denies the allegations in and characterizations of paragraph 64, and therefore denies them.
- 65. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 65, and therefore denies them.
- 66. Dish California admits that it provides certain services to customers in this District. As to the remaining allegations in paragraph 66, Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations, and therefore denies them. DISH Colorado denies the allegations of paragraph 66.
- Dish California admits it has facilities at 3226 W. 131st St., Hawthorne, California, 90250; 4223 Fairgrounds Street, Riverside, California 92501; and 2602 South Halladay Street, Santa Ana, California. Dish California denies that any activities at these facilities are relevant to the issues in dispute in this case. Dish California denies it has a facility at 1500 Potrero Avenue, South El Monte, California, 91733. As toDish California and DISH Colorado otherwise deny the remaining allegations in and characterizations of paragraph 67, Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations, and therefore denies them.
- 68. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 68, and therefore denies them.
- 69. Dish California lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form DISH admits that it maintains a belief as towebsite, and states that the truth of website speaks for itself. DISH otherwise denies the allegations in and characterizations of paragraph 69, and therefore denies them.

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1	70. Dish California denies the allegations of paragraph 70.
2	70. Denied.
3	71. Dish California admits it conducts business in this District. <u>DISH</u>
4	Colorado denies that it conducts business in this District. To the extent paragraph 71
5	contains additional allegations, <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies them.
6	<u>COUNT I</u>
7	([Alleged] Infringement of the '518 Patent)
8	72. <u>Dish California DISH</u> incorporates by reference its responses to
9	paragraphs 1 through 71 of the Complaint as though fully restated herein.
10	73. Dish California DISH admits that the cover of the '518 Patent reflects an
11	issue date of November 13, 2007, an application date of December 18, 2002, an
12	application filed August 29, 2002, and, inter alia, a provisional application filed
13	August 30, 2001. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations of
14	paragraph 73.
15	74. To the extent paragraph 74 of the Complaint implicates legal
16	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
17	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
18	74 of the Complaint.
19	75. Paragraph 75 characterizes the subject matter of the '518 Patent and
20	contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required,
21	Dish California DISH states that the '518 Patent speaks for itself. Dish
22	California DISH denies all allegations that Dish California DISH implements the
23	features of the '518 Patent. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations
24	and characterizations of paragraph 75.
25	76. To the extent paragraph 76 of the Complaint implicates legal
26	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
27	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
28	76 of the Complaint.
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- 77. To the extent paragraph 77 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 77 of the Complaint.
- 78. To the extent paragraph 78 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 78 of the Complaint.
 - 79. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations of paragraph 79.
- 80. To the extent paragraph 80 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 80 of the Complaint.
- 81. To the extent paragraph 81 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 81 of the Complaint.
- 82. To the extent paragraph 82 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 82 of the Complaint.
 - 83. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations of paragraph 83.
- 84. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 84, and therefore denies them.
- 85. To the extent paragraph 85 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 85 of the Complaint.

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- 86. To the extent paragraph 86 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 86 of the Complaint.
- 87. To the extent paragraph 87 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 87 of the Complaint.
- 88. <u>Dish California DISH</u> admits that "7295518" appears in Exhibit A to a March 9, 2022 communication from Entropic. To the extent paragraph 88 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 88 of the Complaint.
- 89. To the extent paragraph 89 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 89 of the Complaint.
- 90. To the extent paragraph 90 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 90 of the Complaint.
- 91. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 91, and therefore denies them.
- 92. To the extent paragraph 92 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 92 of the Complaint.

1	93. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
2	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 93, and therefore denies them.
3	94. To the extent paragraph 94 of the Complaint implicates legal
4	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
5	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
6	94 of the Complaint.
7	95. To the extent paragraph 95 of the Complaint implicates legal
8	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
9	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
10	95 of the Complaint.
11	96. To the extent paragraph 96 of the Complaint implicates legal
12	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
13	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
14	96 of the Complaint.
15	97. To the extent paragraph 97 of the Complaint implicates legal
16	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
17	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
18	97 of the Complaint.
19	98. To the extent paragraph 98 of the Complaint implicates legal
20	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
21	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
22	98 of the Complaint.
23	99. To the extent paragraph 99 of the Complaint implicates legal
24	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
25	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
26	99 of the Complaint.
27	100. To the extent paragraph 100 of the Complaint implicates legal

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph										
100 of the C	Comp	laint								
101.	То	the	extent	paragraph	101	of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal

- conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 101 of the Complaint.
- 102. To the extent paragraph 102 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 102 of the Complaint.
- 103. To the extent paragraph 103 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 103 of the Complaint.
- 104. To the extent paragraph 104 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 104 of the Complaint.
- 105. Paragraph 105 of the Complaint characterizes Entropic's belief and thus no response is required. To the extent paragraph 105 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 105 of the Complaint.

COUNT II

([Alleged] Infringement of the '249 Patent)

106. Dish California DISH incorporates by reference its responses to paragraphs 1 through 105 of the Complaint as though fully restated herein.

107.	Dish California DISH admits that the	e cover of the '249 Patent reflects an
issue date	of September 22, 2009, an applicat	tion date of July 21, 2001, and a
provisional	application date of May 4, 2001.	Dish California DISH denies any
remaining a	illegations of paragraph 107.	

- 108. To the extent paragraph 108 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 108 of the Complaint.
- 109. Paragraph 109 characterizes the subject matter of the '249 Patent and contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required, Dish California DISH states that the '249 Patent speaks for itself. Dish California DISH denies all allegations that Dish California DISH implements the features of the '249 Patent. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations and characterizations of paragraph 109.
- 110. To the extent paragraph 110 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 110 of the Complaint.
- 111. To the extent paragraph 111 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 111 of the Complaint.
- 112. To the extent paragraph 112 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 112 of the Complaint.
 - 113. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations of paragraph 113.

114.	To	the	extent	paragraph	114	of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions	, no	respo	onse is r	equired. To	the o	exte	nt tha	at a response	e is required,	, Dish
California D	<u>ISH</u>	deni	es the a	llegations a	nd ch	arac	eteriz	ations conta	ined in para	graph
114 of the C	Comp	olaint	•							

- 115. To the extent paragraph 115 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 115 of the Complaint.
- 116. To the extent paragraph 116 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 116 of the Complaint.
 - 117. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations of paragraph 117.
- 118. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 118, and therefore denies them.
- 119. To the extent paragraph 119 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 119 of the Complaint.
- 120. To the extent paragraph 120 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 120 of the Complaint.
- 121. To the extent paragraph 121 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 121 of the Complaint.

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122.	Di	sh Ca	lifornia l	DISH	admit	ts that	t "75	5942	49" ap	pears	in Exhibit A	A to a
March 9,	2022	comn	nunicati	on fr	om En	tropic	:. Т	o the	e exte	nt para	agraph 122	of the
Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a												
response	is	requi	red, D	ish	Califo	rnia D	ISH	<u>I</u> de	enies	the	allegations	and
characterizations contained in paragraph 122 of the Complaint.												
123.	To	the	extent	para	graph	123	of	the	Com	plaint	implicates	legal

- 123. To the extent paragraph 123 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 123 of the Complaint.
- 124. To the extent paragraph 124 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 124 of the Complaint.
- 125. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 125, and therefore denies them.
- 126. To the extent paragraph 126 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 126 of the Complaint.
- 127. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 127, and therefore denies them.
- 128. To the extent paragraph 128 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 128 of the Complaint.
- 129. To the extent paragraph 129 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

1	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
2	129 of the Complaint.
3	130. To the extent paragraph 130 of the Complaint implicates legal
4	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
5	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
6	130 of the Complaint.
7	131. To the extent paragraph 131 of the Complaint implicates legal
8	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
9	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
10	131 of the Complaint.
11	132. To the extent paragraph 132 of the Complaint implicates legal
12	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
13	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
14	132 of the Complaint.
15	133. To the extent paragraph 133 of the Complaint implicates legal
16	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
17	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
18	133 of the Complaint.
19	134. To the extent paragraph 134 of the Complaint implicates legal
20	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
21	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
22	134 of the Complaint.
23	135. To the extent paragraph 135 of the Complaint implicates legal
24	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
25	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
26	135 of the Complaint.
27	136. To the extent paragraph 136 of the Complaint implicates legal

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conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 136 of the Complaint.

- 137. To the extent paragraph 137 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 137 of the Complaint.
- 138. To the extent paragraph 138 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 138 of the Complaint.
- 139. Paragraph 139 characterizes Entropic's belief and thus no response is required. To the extent paragraph 139 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 139 of the Complaint.

COUNT III

([Alleged] Infringement of the '759 Patent)

- 140. <u>Dish California DISH</u> incorporates by reference its responses to paragraphs 1 through 139 of the Complaint as though fully restated herein.
- 141. <u>Dish California DISH</u> admits that the cover of the '759 Patent reflects an issue date of February 15, 2011, an application date of July 12, 2004, an application filed August 29, 2002, and, *inter alia* a provisional application filed August 30, 2001. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies any remaining allegations of paragraph 141.
- 142. To the extent paragraph 142 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 142 of the Complaint.

143. Paragraph 143 characterizes the subject matter of the '759 Patent and
contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required
Dish California DISH states that the '759 Patent speaks for itself. Dish
California DISH denies all allegations that Dish California DISH implements the
features of the '759 Patent. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegation
and characterizations of paragraph 143.

- 144. To the extent paragraph 144 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 144 of the Complaint.
- 145. To the extent paragraph 145 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 145 of the Complaint.
- 146. To the extent paragraph 146 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 146 of the Complaint.
 - 147. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations of paragraph 147.
- 148. To the extent paragraph 148 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 148 of the Complaint.
- 149. To the extent paragraph 149 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 149 of the Complaint.

150. To the extent paragraph 150 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 150 of the Complaint.

- 151. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations of paragraph 151.
- 152. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 152, and therefore denies them.
- 153. To the extent paragraph 153 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 153 of the Complaint.
- 154. To the extent paragraph 154 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 154 of the Complaint.
- 155. To the extent paragraph 155 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 155 of the Complaint.
- 156. Dish California DISH admits that "7889759" appears in Exhibit A to a March 9, 2022 communication from Entropic. To the extent paragraph 156 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 156 of the Complaint.
- 157. To the extent paragraph 157 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 157 of the Complaint.

158.	To	the	extent	paragraph	158	of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions	, no	respo	onse is r	equired. To	o the	exte	nt tha	at a response	e is required	, Dish
California D	<u>ISH</u>	deni	es the a	llegations a	and ch	arac	teriz	ations conta	ined in para	graph
158 of the C	Comp	laint	•							

- 159. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 159, and therefore denies them.
- 160. To the extent paragraph 160 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 160 of the Complaint.
- 161. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 161, and therefore denies them.
- 162. To the extent paragraph 162 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 162 of the Complaint.
- 163. To the extent paragraph 163 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 163 of the Complaint.
- 164. To the extent paragraph 164 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 164 of the Complaint.
- 165. To the extent paragraph 165 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

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California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
165 of the Complaint.						
166. To the extent paragraph 166 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
166 of the Complaint.						
167. To the extent paragraph 167 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
167 of the Complaint.						
168. To the extent paragraph 168 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
168 of the Complaint.						
169. To the extent paragraph 169 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
169 of the Complaint.						
170. To the extent paragraph 170 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
170 of the Complaint.						
171. To the extent paragraph 171 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
171 of the Complaint.						
172. To the extent paragraph 172 of the Complaint implicates legal						

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conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

California DISH denies the allegat	ons and characteriza	ations contained in	paragraph
172 of the Complaint.			

173. Paragraph 173 characterizes Entropic's belief and thus no response is required. To the extent paragraph 173 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 173 of the Complaint.

COUNT IV

([Alleged] Infringement of the '802 Patent)

- 174. <u>Dish California DISH</u> incorporates by reference its responses to paragraphs 1 through 173 of the Complaint as though fully restated herein.
- 175. <u>Dish California DISH</u> admits the cover of the '802 Patent reflects an issue date of December 27, 2011, an application date of December 2, 2005, and a provisional application filed on December 2, 2004. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies any remaining allegations of paragraph 175.
- 176. To the extent paragraph 176 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 176 of the Complaint.
- 177. Paragraph 177 characterizes the subject matter of the '802 Patent and contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required, Dish CaliforniaDISH states that the '802 Patent speaks for itself. Dish CaliforniaDISH denies all allegations that Dish CaliforniaDISH implements the features of the '802 Patent. Dish CaliforniaDISH denies any remaining allegations and characterizations of paragraph 177.
- 178. To the extent paragraph 178 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

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California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph								
178 of the Complaint.								
179. To the extent paragraph 179 of the Complaint implicates legal								
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist								
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph								
179 of the Complaint.								
180. To the extent paragraph 180 of the Complaint implicates legal								
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist								
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph								
180 of the Complaint.								
181. Dish California DISH denies the allegations of paragraph 181.								
182. To the extent paragraph 182 of the Complaint implicates legal								
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk								
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph								
182 of the Complaint.								
183. To the extent paragraph 183 of the Complaint implicates legal								
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist								
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph								
183 of the Complaint.								
184. To the extent paragraph 184 of the Complaint implicates legal								
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist								
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph								
184 of the Complaint.								
185. Dish California DISH denies the allegations of paragraph 185.								

186. To the extent paragraph 186 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 186 of the Complaint.

187. T	Γo the σ	extent	paragraph	187 of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions, r	no respon	ise is re	quired. To	the exte	ent tha	at a response	is required,	Dish
California DIS	SH denies	s the all	legations ar	nd chara	cteriz	ations conta	ined in parag	graph
187 of the Co	mplaint.							
188. Т	Γo the e	extent	paragraph	188 of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions, r	no respon	ise is re	quired. To	the exte	ent tha	at a response	is required,	Dish
California DIS	SH denies	s the all	legations ar	nd chara	cteriz	ations conta	ined in parag	graph
188 of the Co	mplaint.							
189. Т	Γo the e	extent	paragraph	189 of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions, r	no respon	ise is re	quired. To	the exte	ent tha	at a response	is required,	Dish
California DIS	SH denies	s the all	legations ar	nd chara	cteriz	ations conta	ined in parag	graph
189 of the Co	mplaint.							
190. I	Dish Cali	fornia D	OISH admits	s that "8	80858	02" appears	in Exhibit A	A to a
March 9, 202	2 commu	unicatio	n from Ent	ropic.	To the	e extent para	ngraph 190 d	of the
Complaint im	plicates l	legal co	nclusions, r	no respo	nse is	required. T	o the extent	that a
response is	require	ed, Di	sh Califor	niaDIS	H de	enies the	allegations	and
characterization	ons conta	nined in	paragraph	190 of t	he Co	mplaint.		
191. 7	Γ o the ϵ	extent	paragraph	191 of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions, r	no respon	ise is re	quired. To	the exte	ent tha	at a response	is required,	Dish
California DIS	SH denies	s the all	legations ar	nd chara	cteriz	ations conta	ined in para	graph
191 of the Co	mplaint.							
192. T	Γo the e	extent	paragraph	192 of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions, r	no respon	ise is re	quired. To	the exte	ent tha	at a response	is required,	Dish
California DIS	SH denies	s the all	legations ar	nd chara	cteriz	ations conta	ined in parag	graph
192 of the Co	mplaint.							
193. I	Denied as	to Disl	n California	Dish	Califo	rnia DISH la	cks knowled	lge or
information s	ufficient	to form	a belief as	to the t	ruth c	of the remain	ing allegation	ons in
paragraph 193	3, and the	erefore o	denies them	l .				

1	194. To the extent paragraph 194 of the Complaint implicates legal
2	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
3	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
4	194 of the Complaint.
5	195. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
6	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 195, and therefore denies them.
7	196. To the extent paragraph 196 of the Complaint implicates legal
8	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
9	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
10	196 of the Complaint.
11	197. To the extent paragraph 197 of the Complaint implicates legal
12	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
13	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
14	197 of the Complaint.
15	198. To the extent paragraph 198 of the Complaint implicates legal
16	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
17	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
18	198 of the Complaint.
19	199. To the extent paragraph 199 of the Complaint implicates legal
20	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
21	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
22	199 of the Complaint.
23	200. To the extent paragraph 200 of the Complaint implicates legal
24	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
25	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
26	200 of the Complaint.
27	201. To the extent paragraph 201 of the Complaint implicates legal

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conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

Paragraph 207 characterizes Entropic's belief and thus no response is 207. required. To the extent paragraph 207 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 207 of the Complaint.

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1	COUNT V
2	([Alleged] Infringement of the '450 Patent)
3	208. <u>Dish California DISH</u> incorporates by reference its responses to
4	paragraphs 1 through 207 of the Complaint as though fully restated herein.
5	209. Dish California DISH admits that the cover of the '450 Patent reflects are
6	issue date of January 14, 2014, an application date of September 19, 2005, and, inter-
7	alia, a provisional application filed December 2, 2004. Dish California DISH denies
8	any remaining allegations of paragraph 209.
9	210. To the extent paragraph 210 of the Complaint implicates legal
10	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
11	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
12	210 of the Complaint.
13	211. Paragraph 211 characterizes the subject matter of the '450 patent and
14	contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required
15	Dish California DISH states that the '450 Patent speaks for itself. Dish
16	California DISH denies all allegations that Dish California DISH implements the
17	features of the '450 Patent. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations
18	and characterizations of paragraph 211.
19	212. To the extent paragraph 212 of the Complaint implicates legal
20	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
21	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
22	212 of the Complaint.
23	213. To the extent paragraph 213 of the Complaint implicates legal
24	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
25	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
26	213 of the Complaint.
27	214. To the extent paragraph 214 of the Complaint implicates legal
28	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist

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California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
214 of the Complaint.						
215. Dish California DISH denies the allegations of paragraph 215.						
216. To the extent paragraph 216 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
216 of the Complaint.						
217. To the extent paragraph 217 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
217 of the Complaint.						
218. To the extent paragraph 218 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
218 of the Complaint.						
219. Dish California DISH denies the allegations of paragraph 219.						
220. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form						
a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 220, and therefore denies them.						
221. To the extent paragraph 221 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
221 of the Complaint.						
222. To the extent paragraph 222 of the Complaint implicates legal						
conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish						
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph						
222 of the Complaint.						
223. To the extent paragraph 223 of the Complaint implicates legal						

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conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

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California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 223 of the Complaint.

- 224. Dish California DISH admits that "8631450" appears in Exhibit A to a March 9, 2022 communication from Entropic. To the extent paragraph 224 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 224 of the Complaint.
- To the extent paragraph 225 of the Complaint implicates legal 225. conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 225 of the Complaint.
- 226. To the extent paragraph 226 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 226 of the Complaint.
- 227. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 227, and therefore denies them.
- 228. To the extent paragraph 228 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 228 of the Complaint.
- 229. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 229, and therefore denies them.
- 230. To the extent paragraph 230 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 230 of the Complaint.

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231.	To	the	extent	paragraph	231	of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions	s, no	respo	onse is r	equired. To	the o	exte	nt tha	at a response	e is required	, Dish
<u>California</u> <u>D</u>	<u> OISH</u>	deni	es the a	llegations a	nd ch	arac	eteriz	ations conta	ined in para	graph
231 of the (Comp	laint								

- 232. To the extent paragraph 232 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 232 of the Complaint.
- 233. To the extent paragraph 233 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 233 of the Complaint.
- 234. To the extent paragraph 234 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 234 of the Complaint.
- 235. To the extent paragraph 235 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 235 of the Complaint.
- 236. To the extent paragraph 236 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 236 of the Complaint.
- 237. To the extent paragraph 237 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 237 of the Complaint.

238. To the extent paragraph 238 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 238 of the Complaint.

239. To the extent paragraph 239 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 239 of the Complaint.

240. To the extent paragraph 240 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 240 of the Complaint.

241. Paragraph 241 characterizes Entropic's belief and thus no response is required. To the extent paragraph 241 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 241 of the Complaint.

COUNT VI

([Alleged] Infringement of the '7,566 Patent)

- 242. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
- 243. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
- 244. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
- 245. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.

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- 246. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 247. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 248. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 249. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 250. September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 251. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 252. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 253. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 254. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 255. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 256. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 257. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 258. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its
 - September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
- 259. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDIT DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

- 260. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 1 2 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 3 261. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 4 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 5 262. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 6 7 263. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 8 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 9 The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 264. September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 10 11 265. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 12 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 13 The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 266. 14 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 15 267. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 16 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 268. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 17 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 18 19 269. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 20 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 21 270. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 22 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 23 271. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 24 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 25 272. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its 26 September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 27 273. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its
 - DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.

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l	274.	The	Court	dismissed	Count	VI	without	leave	to	amend	in	its
2	September 7	7, 202	3 Order	(Dkt. 103)	and the	refor	e, no resp	onse is	req	uired.		

275. The Court dismissed Count VI without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.

COUNT VII

([Alleged] Infringement of the '539 Patent)

- 276. <u>Dish California DISH</u> incorporates by reference its responses to paragraphs 1 through 275 of the Complaint as though fully restated herein.
- 277. Dish California DISH admits that the cover of the '539 Patent reflects an issue date of December 31, 2013, an application date of September 29, 2005, and, *inter alia*, a provisional application filed December 2, 2004. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations of paragraph 277.
- 278. To the extent paragraph 278 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 278 of the Complaint.
- 279. Paragraph 279 characterizes the subject matter of the '539 Patent and contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required, Dish California DISH states that the '539 Patent speaks for itself. Dish California DISH implements the features of the '539 Patent. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations and characterizations of Paragraph 279.
- 280. To the extent paragraph 280 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 280 of the Complaint.
- 281. To the extent paragraph 281 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

1	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
2	281 of the Complaint.
3	282. To the extent paragraph 282 of the Complaint implicates legal
4	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
5	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
6	282 of the Complaint.
7	283. Dish California DISH denies the allegations of paragraph 283.
8	284. To the extent paragraph 284 of the Complaint implicates legal
9	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
10	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
11	284 of the Complaint.
12	285. To the extent paragraph 285 of the Complaint implicates legal
13	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
14	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
15	285 of the Complaint.
16	286. To the extent paragraph 286 of the Complaint implicates legal
17	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
18	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
19	286 of the Complaint.
20	287. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations of paragraph 287.
21	288. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
22	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 288, and therefore denies them.
23	289. To the extent paragraph 289 of the Complaint implicates legal
24	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
25	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
26	289 of the Complaint.
27	290. To the extent paragraph 290 of the Complaint implicates legal
28	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

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1	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
2	290 of the Complaint.
3	291. To the extent paragraph 291 of the Complaint implicates legal
4	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
5	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
6	291 of the Complaint.
7	292. Dish California DISH admits that "8621539" appears in Exhibit A to a
8	March 9, 2022 communication from Entropic. To the extent paragraph 292 of the
9	Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a
10	response is required, <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations and
11	characterizations contained in paragraph 292 of the Complaint.
12	293. To the extent paragraph 293 of the Complaint implicates legal
13	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
14	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
15	293 of the Complaint.
16	294. To the extent paragraph 294 of the Complaint implicates legal
17	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
18	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
19	294 of the Complaint.
20	295. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or
21	information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in
22	paragraph 295, and therefore denies them.
23	296. To the extent paragraph 296 of the Complaint implicates legal
24	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
25	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
26	296 of the Complaint.
27	297. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
28	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 297, and therefore denies them.

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

304 of the Complaint.

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1	298. To the extent paragraph 298 of the Complaint implicates legal
2	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
3	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
4	298 of the Complaint.
5	299. To the extent paragraph 299 of the Complaint implicates legal
6	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
7	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
8	299 of the Complaint.
9	300. To the extent paragraph 300 of the Complaint implicates legal
10	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
11	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
12	300 of the Complaint.
13	301. To the extent paragraph 301 of the Complaint implicates legal
14	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
15	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
16	301 of the Complaint.
17	302. To the extent paragraph 302 of the Complaint implicates legal
18	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
19	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
20	302 of the Complaint.
21	303. To the extent paragraph 303 of the Complaint implicates legal
22	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
23	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
24	303 of the Complaint.
25	304. To the extent paragraph 304 of the Complaint implicates legal
26	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph

305.	To	the	extent	paragraph	305	of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions	s, no	respo	onse is r	equired. To	the e	exte	nt tha	at a response	is required,	Dish
California D	<u> OISH</u>	deni	es the a	llegations a	nd ch	arac	teriz	ations conta	ined in para	graph
305 of the (Comp	olaint	•							

- 306. To the extent paragraph 306 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 306 of the Complaint.
- 307. To the extent paragraph 307 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 307 of the Complaint.
- 308. To the extent paragraph 308 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 308 of the Complaint.
- 309. Paragraph 309 characterizes Entropic's belief and thus no response is required. To the extent paragraph 309 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 309 of the Complaint.

COUNT VIII

([Alleged] Infringement of the '213 Patent)

- 310. <u>Dish California DISH</u> incorporates by reference its responses to paragraphs 1 through 309 of the Complaint as though fully restated herein.
- 311. Dish California DISH admits the cover of the '213 Patent reflects an issue date of December 5, 2017, an application date of February 6, 2008, and *inter alia*, a

provisional application filed on February 6, 2007.	Dish California DISH denies any
remaining allegations of paragraph 311.	

- 312. To the extent paragraph 312 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 312 of the Complaint.
- 313. Paragraph 313 characterizes the subject matter of the '213 Patent and contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required, Dish California DISH states that the '213 Patent speaks for itself. Dish California DISH denies all allegations that Dish California DISH implements the features of the '213 Patent. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations and characterizations of paragraph 313.
- 314. To the extent paragraph 314 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 314 of the Complaint.
- 315. To the extent paragraph 315 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 315 of the Complaint.
- 316. To the extent paragraph 316 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 316 of the Complaint.
 - 317. Dish California DISH denies the allegations of paragraph 317.
- 318. To the extent paragraph 318 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

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1	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
2	318 of the Complaint.
3	319. To the extent paragraph 319 of the Complaint implicates legal
4	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
5	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
6	319 of the Complaint.
7	320. To the extent paragraph 320 of the Complaint implicates legal
8	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
9	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
10	320 of the Complaint.
11	321. Dish California DISH denies the allegations of paragraph 321.
12	322. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
13	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 322, and therefore denies them
14	323. To the extent paragraph 323 of the Complaint implicates legal
15	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
16	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
17	323 of the Complaint.
18	324. To the extent paragraph 324 of the Complaint implicates legal
19	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
20	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
21	324 of the Complaint.
22	325. To the extent paragraph 325 of the Complaint implicates legal
23	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
24	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
25	325 of the Complaint.
26	326. Dish California DISH admits that "9838213" appears in Exhibit A to a
27	March 9, 2022 communication from Entropic. To the extent paragraph 326 of the
28	Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

response	is	required,	Dish	-California DISH	denies	the	allegations	and
characteri	zatio	ons containe	d in par	agraph 326 of the	Complair	nt.		

- 327. To the extent paragraph 327 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 327 of the Complaint.
- 328. To the extent paragraph 328 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 328 of the Complaint.
- 329. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 329, and therefore denies them.
- 330. To the extent paragraph 330 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 330 of the Complaint.
- 331. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 331, and therefore denies them.
- 332. To the extent paragraph 332 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 332 of the Complaint.
- 333. To the extent paragraph 333 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 333 of the Complaint.

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334.	To	the	extent	paragraph	334	of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusion	s, no	respo	onse is r	equired. To	the o	exte	nt tha	at a response	e is required,	Dish
California l	<u>DISH</u>	deni	es the a	llegations a	nd ch	arac	teriz	ations conta	ined in para	graph
334 of the	Comp	olaint	•							
225	Т-	41	44	1.	225	- C	41	C1-:4	:1:4	1 1

- To the extent paragraph 335 of the Complaint implicates legal 335. conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish <u>California DISH</u> denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 335 of the Complaint.
- 336. To the extent paragraph 336 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish <u>California DISH</u> denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 336 of the Complaint.
- 337. To the extent paragraph 337 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 337 of the Complaint.
- 338. To the extent paragraph 338 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 338 of the Complaint.
- 339. To the extent paragraph 339 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 339 of the Complaint.
- 340. To the extent paragraph 340 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish <u>California DISH</u> denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 340 of the Complaint.

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1	341. To the extent paragraph 341 of the Complaint implicates lega
2	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
3	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
4	341 of the Complaint.
5	342. To the extent paragraph 342 of the Complaint implicates lega
6	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
7	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
8	342 of the Complaint.
9	343. Paragraph 343 characterizes Entropic's belief and thus no response is
10	required. To the extent paragraph 343 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions
11	no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
12	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
13	343 of the Complaint.
14	<u>COUNT IX</u>
15	([Alleged] Infringement of the '422 Patent)
16	344. Dish California DISH incorporates by reference its responses to
17	paragraphs 1 through 343 of the Complaint as though fully restated herein.
18	345. Dish California DISH admits the cover of the '422 Patent reflects an issue
19	date of October 1, 2019, an application date of December 5, 2017, an application filed
20	on February 6, 2008, and inter alia, a provisional application filed on February 6
21	2007. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations of paragraph 345.
22	346. To the extent paragraph 346 of the Complaint implicates legal
23	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
24	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
25	346 of the Complaint.
26	347. Paragraph 347 characterizes the subject matter of the '422 Patent and

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Dish

contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required,

Dish California DISH states that the '422 Patent speaks for itself.

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California DISH denies all	allegations tha	t Dish Califor	nia DISH impl	ements the
features of the '422 Patent.	Dish Californi	aDISH denies	any remaining	allegations
and characterizations of para	agraph 347.			

- 348. To the extent paragraph 348 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 348 of the Complaint.
- 349. To the extent paragraph 349 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 349 of the Complaint.
- 350. To the extent paragraph 350 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 350 of the Complaint.
 - 351. Dish California DISH denies the allegations of paragraph 351.
- 352. To the extent paragraph 352 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 352 of the Complaint.
- 353. To the extent paragraph 353 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 353 of the Complaint.
- 354. To the extent paragraph 354 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 354 of the Complaint.

355.	Dish California DISH	denies the	allegations	of paragr	aph 355.

- 356. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 356, and therefore denies them.
- 357. To the extent paragraph 357 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 357 of the Complaint.
- 358. To the extent paragraph 358 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 358 of the Complaint.
- 359. To the extent paragraph 359 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 359 of the Complaint.
- 360. <u>Dish California DISH</u> admits that "10432422" appears in Exhibit A to a March 9, 2022 communication from Entropic. To the extent paragraph 360 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 360 of the Complaint.
- 361. To the extent paragraph 361 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 361 of the Complaint.
- 362. To the extent paragraph 362 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 362 of the Complaint.

377.

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required. To the extent paragraph 377 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions,

Paragraph 377 characterizes Entropic's belief and thus no response is

no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
377 of the Complaint.
COUNT X
([Alleged] Infringement of the '910 Patent)
378. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
380. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
383. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
385. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
386. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
387. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.
388. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7,
2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.

1 389. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 2 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 390. 3 The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 4 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 391. 5 The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 6 7 392. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 8 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 9 393. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 10 394. 11 The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 12 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 395. 13 The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 14 396. 15 The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 16 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 397. 17 The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 18 19 398. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 20 21 399. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 22 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 23 400. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 24 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 401. 25 The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 26 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 27 402. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required. 28

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	REDACTED VE	RSION O	F DOCUMENT	PROPOSED TO 1	BE FILED UNDE	R SEAL
1	403. The (Court dis	missed Count X	without leave to	amend in its Sep	tember 7,
2	2023 Order (Dkt.	103) and	therefore, no re	sponse is require	ed.	
3	404. The G	Court disa	missed Count X	without leave to	amend in its Sep	tember 7,
4	2023 Order (Dkt.	103) and	therefore, no re	sponse is require	ed.	
5	405. The G	Court disa	missed Count X	without leave to	amend in its Sep	tember 7,
6	2023 Order (Dkt.	103) and	therefore, no re	sponse is require	ed.	
7	406. The 0	Court disa	missed Count X	without leave to	amend in its Sep	tember 7,
8	2023 Order (Dkt.	103) and	therefore, no re	sponse is require	ed.	
9	407. The G	Court disa	missed Count X	without leave to	amend in its Sep	tember 7,
10	2023 Order (Dkt.	103) and	therefore, no re	sponse is require	ed.	
11	408 The 0	ourt dis	missed Count X	without leave to	amend in its Sen	tember 7

408. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.

409. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.

410. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.

411. The Court dismissed Count X without leave to amend in its September 7, 2023 Order (Dkt. 103) and therefore, no response is required.

COUNT XI

([Alleged] Infringement of the '0,566 Patent)

- 412. <u>Dish California DISH</u> incorporates by reference its responses to paragraphs 1 through 411 of the Complaint as though fully restated herein.
- 413. Dish California DISH admits that the cover of the '0,566 Patent reflects an issue date of November 27, 2012, an application date of October 15, 2009, and, *inter alia*, a provisional application filed October 16, 2008. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations of paragraph 413.
- 414. To the extent paragraph 414 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

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California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph

2 | 414 of the Complaint.

- 415. Paragraph 415 characterizes the subject matter of the '0,566 Patent and contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required, Dish California DISH states that the '0,566 Patent speaks for itself. Dish California DISH denies all allegations that Dish California DISH implements the features of the '0,566 Patent. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations and characterizations of paragraph 415.
- 416. To the extent paragraph 416 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 416 of the Complaint.
- 417. To the extent paragraph 417 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 417 of the Complaint.
- 418. To the extent paragraph 418 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 418 of the Complaint.
 - 419. Dish California DISH denies the allegations of paragraph 419.
- 420. To the extent paragraph 420 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 420 of the Complaint.
- 421. To the extent paragraph 421 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish

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1	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
2	421 of the Complaint.
3	422. To the extent paragraph 422 of the Complaint implicates legal
4	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
5	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
6	422 of the Complaint.
7	423. Dish California DISH denies the allegations of paragraph 423.
8	424. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
9	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 424, and therefore denies them
10	425. To the extent paragraph 425 of the Complaint implicates legal
11	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
12	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
13	425 of the Complaint.
14	426. To the extent paragraph 426 of the Complaint implicates legal
15	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Disk
16	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
17	426 of the Complaint.
18	427. To the extent paragraph 427 of the Complaint implicates legal
19	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dist
20	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
21	427 of the Complaint.
22	428. Dish California DISH admits that "8320566" appears in Exhibit A to a
23	March 9, 2022 communication from Entropic. To the extent paragraph 428 of the
24	Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a
25	response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and

conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish 56

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT

To the extent paragraph 429 of the Complaint implicates legal

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characterizations contained in paragraph 428 of the Complaint.

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429.

<u>California</u> DISH	denies the	allegations	and	characterizations	contained in	paragraph
429 of the Comp	olaint.					

- 430. To the extent paragraph 430 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 430 of the Complaint.
- 431. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in paragraph 431, and therefore denies them.
- 432. To the extent paragraph 432 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 432 of the Complaint.
- 433. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 433, and therefore denies them.
- 434. To the extent paragraph 434 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 434 of the Complaint.
- 435. To the extent paragraph 435 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 435 of the Complaint.
- 436. To the extent paragraph 436 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 436 of the Complaint.

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437.	To	the	extent	paragraph	437	of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions,	no 1	respo	onse is r	equired. T	o the	exte	nt tha	at a response	e is required,	, Dish
California DI	SH	denie	es the a	llegations a	and ch	arac	teriz	ations conta	ined in para	graph
437 of the Co	omp	laint								

- 438. To the extent paragraph 438 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 438 of the Complaint.
- 439. To the extent paragraph 439 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 439 of the Complaint.
- 440. To the extent paragraph 440 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 440 of the Complaint.
- 441. To the extent paragraph 441 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 441 of the Complaint.
- 442. To the extent paragraph 442 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 442 of the Complaint.
- 443. To the extent paragraph 443 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 443 of the Complaint.

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMA DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT

444.	To	the	extent	paragraph	444	of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions	, no	respo	onse is r	equired. T	o the	exte	nt tha	at a response	e is required	, Dish
<u>California</u> D	ISH	deni	es the a	llegations	and ch	arac	eteriz	ations conta	ined in para	graph
444 of the C	Comp	laint	•							

445. Paragraph 445 characterizes Entropic's belief and thus no response is required. To the extent paragraph 445 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 445 of the Complaint.

COUNT XII

([Alleged] Infringement of the '681 Patent)

- 446. <u>Dish California DISH</u> incorporates by reference its responses to paragraphs 1 through 445 of the Complaint as though fully restated herein.
- 447. <u>Dish California DISH</u> admits that the cover of the '681 Patent reflects an issue date of January 29, 2013, an application date of October 15, 2009, and a provisional application date of October 16, 2008. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies any remaining allegations of paragraph 447 of the Complaint.
- 448. To the extent paragraph 448 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 448 of the Complaint.
- 449. Paragraph 449 of the Complaint characterizes the subject matter of the '681 Patent and contains legal conclusions to which no response is required. If a response is required, Dish California DISH states that the '681 Patent speaks for itself. Dish California DISH denies all allegations that Dish California DISH implements the features of the '681 Patent. Dish California DISH denies any remaining allegations and characterizations of paragraph 449 of the Complaint.

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450.	To	the	extent	paragraph	450	of	the	Complaint	implicates	legal
conclusions	, no	respo	onse is r	equired. T	o the	exte	nt tha	at a response	e is required,	, Dish
California D	<u>ISH</u>	deni	es the a	llegations a	and ch	arac	eteriz	ations conta	ined in para	graph
450 of the C	Comp	laint	•							

- 451. To the extent paragraph 451 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 451 of the Complaint.
- 452. To the extent paragraph 452 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 452 of the Complaint.
- 453. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations of paragraph 453 of the Complaint.
- 454. To the extent paragraph 454 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 454 of the Complaint.
- 455. To the extent paragraph 455 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 455 of the Complaint.
- 456. To the extent paragraph 456 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 456 of the Complaint.
- 457. <u>Dish California DISH</u> denies the allegations of paragraph 457 of the Complaint.

1	458. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
2	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 458, and therefore denies them.
3	459. To the extent paragraph 459 of the Complaint implicates legal
4	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
5	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
6	459 of the Complaint.
7	460. To the extent paragraph 460 of the Complaint implicates legal
8	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
9	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
10	460 of the Complaint.
11	461. To the extent paragraph 461 of the Complaint implicates legal
12	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
13	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
14	461 of the Complaint.
15	462. Dish California DISH admits that "8363681" appears in Exhibit A to a
16	March 9, 2022 communication—but not an August 9, 2022 communication—from
17	Entropic. To the extent paragraph 462 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions,
18	no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
19	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
20	462 of the Complaint.
21	463. To the extent paragraph 463 of the Complaint implicates legal
22	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
23	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
24	463 of the Complaint.
25	464. To the extent paragraph 464 of the Complaint implicates legal
26	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
27	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph

464 of the Complaint.

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1	465. Denied as to Dish California. Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or
2	information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in
3	paragraph 465 of the Complaint, and therefore denies them.
4	466. To the extent paragraph 466 of the Complaint implicates legal
5	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
6	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
7	466 of the Complaint.
8	467. <u>Dish California DISH</u> lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form
9	a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 467, and therefore denies them.
10	468. To the extent paragraph 468 of the Complaint implicates legal
11	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
12	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
13	468 of the Complaint.
14	469. To the extent paragraph 469 of the Complaint implicates legal
15	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
16	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
17	469 of the Complaint.
18	470. To the extent paragraph 470 of the Complaint implicates legal
19	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
20	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
21	470 of the Complaint.
22	471. To the extent paragraph 471 of the Complaint implicates legal
23	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
24	California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
25	471 of the Complaint.
26	472. To the extent paragraph 472 of the Complaint implicates legal
27	conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish
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- conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
- To the extent paragraph 476 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph
- 477. To the extent paragraph 477 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 477 of the Complaint.
- 478. To the extent paragraph 478 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 478 of the Complaint.
- 479. Paragraph 479 characterizes Entropic's belief and thus no response is required. To the extent paragraph 479 of the Complaint implicates legal conclusions,

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITI DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

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no response is required. To the extent that a response is required, Dish California DISH denies the allegations and characterizations contained in paragraph 479 of the Complaint.

JURY DEMAND

<u>Dish California DISH</u> hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable by right.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

The section of the Complaint titled "Prayer for Relief" sets forth the statement of relief requested by Entropic to which no response is required. Dish California DISH denies that Entropic is entitled to any relief sought in its Prayer for Relief or otherwise.

AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES

A80. Dish California DISH incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs in their entirety and asserts the following affirmative and additional defenses. By asserting these affirmative and additional defenses, Dish California DISH does not admit that it bears the burden of proof on any issue and does not accept any burden it would not otherwise bear. Dish California DISH reserves all affirmative defenses permitted under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Patent Laws of the United States and/or at law or in equity that may now exist, or in the future be available, based on discovery and further investigation in this case, as well as the right to amend this Answer to include those defenses. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8(c), Dish California DISH, without waiver, limitation, or prejudice, hereby asserts the following affirmative and additional defenses.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE

(Limitation on Damages/Failure to Mark)

481. Entropic's request for "damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284 adequate to compensate Entropic for [Dish California's DISH's] past . . . infringement" for the period before Entropic filed the Complaint or allegedly notified Dish California DISH of Entropic's allegations of infringement of the Asserted Patents before March 9, 64

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

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2022, are barred by 35 U.S.C. § 286. The relief sought by Entropic based on Dish California's DISH's alleged infringement of the Asserted Patents is further limited by 35 U.S.C. § 287 to the extent Entropic, any predecessors-in-interest, or its licensees failed to mark allegedly practicing products.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE

(License and Waiver)

482. Although Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard, if true, Entropic's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by actual license, the doctrine of implied license, and/or waiver. These licenses include, but are not limited to, express or implied licenses arising from Entropic Communications, Inc.'s and/or MaxLinear's participation in the Multimedia over Coax Alliance ("MoCA"), as well as the MoCA "Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) Policy" (hereinafter, the "MoCA IPR Policy").

483. Although Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard, if true, Entropic's claims are further barred, in whole or in part, based on its waiver of it claims. Dish California DISH reasonably relied on Entropic's and its predecessors-in-interest, Entropic Communications, Inc.'s and MaxLinear's, conduct in various MoCA meetings indicating that Entropic Communications, Inc. or MaxLinear would not enforce patents that cover functionality and features that it had publicly disclosed in various MoCA proposals.

484. <u>Dish California DISH</u> reasonably relied on its knowledge of Entropic Communications, Inc.'s and MaxLinear's MoCA proposals, and Entropic Communications, Inc.'s and MaxLinear's active and public endorsement of its MoCA proposals to reasonably infer that alleged rights that covered such similar technology,

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features, and functionality as those that were publicly disclosed in the MoCA proposals, would not be enforced against Dish California DISH.

485. Although Entropic Communications, Inc. publicly disclosed the features and functionality of the MoCA proposals, Entropic, Entropic Communications, Inc. and MaxLinear did not seek to enforce patents covering the same features and functionality for nearly two decades. Consequently, Dish California DISH is licensed and impliedly licensed to the Asserted Patents, and the allegations against Dish California DISH are waived.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE (Equitable Estoppel)

486. Although Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard, if true, Entropic's claims are also barred in whole or in part by the doctrine of equitable estoppel at least because Dish California DISH reasonably relied on Entropic or its predecessors-in-interests' conduct as a Founder, Adopter, and Supplier of MoCA technology as well as Entropic's predecessors-in-interests' participation in MoCA.

487. As a Founder of MoCA, Entropic Communications, Inc. helped develop the MoCA specifications that required Adopters of MoCA to comply with the specification. Entropic, Entropic Communications, Inc., and MaxLinear did not seek a license from DISH for the use of any patents it considered essential to MoCA before filing this litigation.

488. <u>Dish California's DISH's</u> affiliates participated in MoCA with the understanding the Entropic Communications, Inc. and any future affiliates including Entropic would license any of its patents related to MoCA to other parties to manufacture components implementing MoCA.

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- 489. Based on this conduct, it was reasonable for <u>Dish CaliforniaDISH</u> to believe that Entropic would not enforce the Asserted Patents against the MoCA specification that Entropic Communications, Inc. and MaxLinear helped develop and encouraged MoCA members to adopt in their roles as a Founder and member.
- 490. <u>Dish California DISH</u> and its customers would be materially prejudiced if Entropic were allowed to proceed with its infringement claims for the Asserted Patents.
- 491. Entropic is estopped from asserting one or more of the Asserted Patents because it has failed to comply with commitments made by Entropic and/or its predecessors-in-interest, to MoCA to license one or more of the Asserted Patents under fair, reasonable, and non-discriminatory ("RAND") terms if Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard is true.
- 492. Additionally, Entropic is estopped from seeking damages in an amount that exceeds a royalty rate that is consistent with commitments to license such patents under RAND terms if Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard is true.
- 493. Entropic is estopped from seeking damages in this case exceeding the rate at which one or more of the Asserted Patents have been licensed to any other companies due to commitments made by Entropic and/or its predecessors-in-interest to MoCA to license one or more of the Asserted Patents under RAND terms during the MoCA's consideration of the MoCA specifications at issue if Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard is true.
- 494. Further, Entropic is estopped from enforcing the Asserted Patents and seeking damages in this case in light of the conduct described above including the lack of notice from Entropic and/or its predecessors-in-interest regarding any need license the Asserted Patents until the filing of the Complaint or the March, 2022 letter,

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<u>Dish California's DISH's</u> detrimental reliance on that conduct, and the damages <u>Dish</u> <u>California DISH</u> has suffered through this litigation.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE

(Limitation on Damages Based on RAND Obligations)

495. Although Dish California DISH lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard, if true, Entropic and/or its predecessors-in-interest has undertaken, in accordance with the relevant rules and intellectual property rights policies of applicable Standard Setting Organizations ("SSOs"), to grant licenses to some entities under each of the Asserted Patents on RAND terms and conditions. Entropic has not, however, offered Dish California DISH fair, reasonable and nondiscriminatory royalty terms and rates that are proportionate to royalty terms and rates offered to other companies. As a beneficiary of the rules and intellectual property rights policies of the relevant SSOs (i.e., MoCA), Dish California DISH has the right to be granted license(s) to the Asserted Patents on RAND terms and conditions if Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard is true. Entropic has failed to offer such a license. Entropic's failure to comply with its RAND obligations limits the damages, if any, available to Entropic in this action.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE

(No Entitlement to Enhanced Damages)

496. Entropic is not entitled to enhanced damages under 35 U.S.C. § 284 or pursuant to the Court's inherent powers.

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SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE

(No Entitlement to Attorneys' Fees)

497. Entropic is not entitled to attorneys' fees under 35 U.S.C. § 285 or pursuant to the Court's inherent powers.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE

(No Entitlement to a Finding of Exceptional Case)

498. Entropic is not entitled to a finding that this case is exceptional under 35 U.S.C. § 285 or under the Court's inherent powers.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE

(Unenforceability)

499. One or more of the Asserted Patents are unenforceable against Dish California DISH because of estoppel, laches, waiver, unclean hands, patent exhaustion, implied license, and/or other equitable doctrines. Entropic and/or its predecessors-in-interest has engaged in standards-setting misconduct, including without limitation the breach of its commitments to license any essential patents on RAND terms rendering the Asserted Patents unenforceable if Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard is true.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE

(Patent Exhaustion)

500. Entropic's claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent that any allegedly infringing products or components thereof are supplied, directly or indirectly, to Dish California DISH by any entity or entities having an express or implied license to the Asserted Patents, and/or Entropic's claims are barred, in whole or in part, under the doctrine of patent exhaustion. In this regard, to the extent that any of Entropic's accusations of infringement are based, in whole or in part, on

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1	Entropic Communications Inc. or MaxLinear components, such claims are barred and				
2	exhausted.				
3	TENTH AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE				
4	(Noninfringement of the Asserted Patents)				
5	501. Dish California DISH has not infringed and does not infringe, under any				
6	theory of infringement (including directly (whether individually or jointly) or				
7	indirectly (whether contributorily or by inducement) or under the doctrine of				
8	equivalents), any valid, enforceable claim of the Asserted Patents.				
9	ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE				
10	(Invalidity of the Asserted Patents)				

502. Each asserted claim of the Asserted Patents is invalid for failure to comply with one or more of the requirements of the United States Code, Title 35, including without limitation, 35 U.S.C. §§ 101, 102, 103, and 112, and the rules, regulations, and laws pertaining thereto, and/or under other judicially created bases for invalidity and ineligibility, including, but not limited to, the non-statutory doctrine of double patenting, derivation and improper inventorship.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE OR ADDITIONAL DEFENSE (Lack of Knowledge)

503. To the extent that Entropic asserts that Dish CaliforniaDISH indirectly infringes, either by contributory infringement or inducement of infringement, Dish CaliforniaDISH is not liable to Entropic for the acts alleged to have been performed before Dish CaliforniaDISH knew that its actions would cause indirect infringement.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Lack of Standing)

504. As discussed more fully below in the counterclaims asserted by DISH, the assignment of the Asserted Patents to Entropic is defective. Entropic therefore lacks standing to assert infringement of the Asserted Patents.

Case 2:23-cv-01043-JWH-KES Document 305-22 Filed 01/31/24 Page 72 of 122 Page ID REDACTED VERSION OF DOCUMENT PROPOSED TO BE FILED UNDER SEAL THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Patent Misuse) 505. As discussed more fully below in the counterclaims asserted by DISH, Entropic has engaged in patent misuse, rendering the asserted patents unenforceable. RESERVATION OF ALL AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES 504.506. Dish California DISH hereby gives notice that it intends to rely upon any other matter constituting an avoidance or affirmative defense as set forth in Rule 8(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and that it reserves the right to seek leave to amend this Answer to add to, amend, withdraw, or modify these defenses as its investigation continues and as discovery may require. **JURY DEMAND** 505.507. Dish California DISH respectfully demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable in this matter. DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDIT

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COUNTERCLAIMS

506. Counterclaimant In accordance with Rules 15 and 20 of the Federal
Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendants-Counterclaimants DISH Network Corporation;
DISH Network L.L.C.; Dish Network Service L.L.C., and Dish Network California
Service Corp. ("Defendant" or "Dish California(collectively the "DISH
Defendants"); together with Counterclaim-Plaintiff DISH Technologies L.L.C.
("DISH Technologies") ³ (together with the DISH Defendants, "DISH"),
through itstheir undersigned counsel, counterclaims and alleges against
Plaintiff-Counter Defendant Entropic and Communications, LLC ("Entropic");
and against Counter Defendants MaxLinear, Inc. and MaxLinear
Communications LLC (collectively "MaxLinear") as follows:

NATURE OF THE COUNTERCLAIMS

Entropic's conduct in connection with filing and pursuing the present action and for Entropic and/or its predecessors-in-interests' interest's breaches of their commitments to an industry alliancea standards-setting organization known as the Multimedia over Coax Alliance (or "MoCA"), and its members, and those who choose to implement MoCA standards. As to MaxLinear, DISH brings these counterclaims in response to MaxLinear's participation in ownership of the patents-in-suit, its failure to adhere to the requirements of MoCA with respect to its sale and transfer of the patents-in-suit to Entropic and with respect to MaxLinear's acts in concert with Entropic with respect to the patents-in-suit.

508. Entropic admits that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard.

³ By virtue of this pleading, the DISH Defendants request permissive joinder of DISH Technologies as a counterclaim-plaintiff under Fed. R. Civ. P. 20(a)(1) as all of the DISH entities' counterclaims arise out of the same transaction or occurrence (e.g., the MoCA IPR Policy) and include numerous questions of law and fact common to all DISH entities, as set forth below.

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

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509. Dish California does not accept Entropic's contention that the Asserted
Patents in this action are necessary to products that implement any MoCA standard.
Also, to the extent Dish California products implement any part of any MoCA
standard, Dish California does not concede that any implementations of those parts in
its products practice the Asserted Patents. Nonetheless, Dish California has relied
upon Entropic and/or its predecessors in interests' membership in MoCA and, on
information and belief, Entropic and/or its predecessors in interests' agreement to be
bound by the MoCA IPR Policy, that all patent controversies may be avoided based
on the offer of patent licenses on reasonable rates and non discriminatory terms and
conditions.

510. To the extent the Asserted Patents cover Essential Patent Claims as defined in the MoCA IPR Policy and because MaxLinear, Entropic, and/or its predecessors in interest promised that it would license any such patents on fair, reasonable, and non discriminatory terms and conditions, companies that rely on those commitments are entitled to avoid becoming embroiled in patent controversies and to receive the benefit of an offer of a reasonable and non discriminatory license.

511. Accordingly, Dish California seeks relief arising from MaxLinear, Entropic, and/or its predecessors in interests' tortious conduct in filing the present action and the circumstances surrounding the filing. In addition, Dish California seeks relief from MaxLinear, Entropic, and/or its predecessors in interests' violation of their obligations, pursuant to the MoCA IPR Policy, by demanding excessive and discriminatory royalties from Dish California for patents that Entropic contends are essential to the MoCA standards.

2. Technical standards are essential to the modern world. The adoption of standardized technology allows for interoperability between devices made by different manufacturers. Generally speaking, product designers and manufacturers are willing to invest heavily in the development of equipment and software compliant with technical standards because of the promise that the equipment and software will

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operate with other devices and software compliant with the standard. Standards may also reduce the investment needed to develop new technologies as the cost of developing technologies can be spread among various companies working together to create the standard.

- However, technical standards also create risks of "lock-in" and "patent hold-up." "Lock-in" refers to a problem whereby, once a standard has been widelyaccepted in an industry, it can be difficult for a company to choose not to use the standard. "Patent Hold-Up" refers to a problem where a single patent owner can "hold-up" an entire industry based on claims that the patent-owner's patents are necessary to practice the standard. Thus, while standards have great benefits, standards also present a significant risk that a single company can encourage adoption of its patented technology into a standard, lie around in wait for the standard to be widely-adopted, and then demand exorbitant damages—lest a company be at a severe competitive disadvantage from no longer being able to implement the standardized technology.
- To address these potential risks—and to avoid falling afoul of the antitrust laws—standards organizations have adopted policies governing how the promulgators of a standard behave with respect to those who choose to implement the standard. Generally, such policies require that patent owners who contribute to the creation of a standard, or who are members of the standards-setting organization. promise to grant licenses to patents to any implementor of the standard on fair, reasonable, and non-discriminatory ("RAND") terms.
- As courts have found, the RAND promise must be available to allcomers, regardless of whether the potential licensee is a member of the standardssetting organization. Without the guarantee that RAND terms are available to all, a small number of companies may be able to coordinate to develop a standard, crosslicense each other, but then hold-up all others once a standard has become widelyadopted.

6. As with most standards-setting organizations, MoCA has promulgated a
policy directing how organizations that participate in its standards-setting are to
behave with respect to licensing of intellectual property related to MoCA standards.
Also, as with most standards-setting organizations, MoCA directs its members, and
those members agree, to license intellectual property essential to the practice of
MoCA standards on "reasonable and non-discriminatory" ("RAND") terms. This is
a contractual promise between each member and MoCA and between the members,
for the benefit of those members and other organizations that choose to implement
MoCA standards.

- 7. Entropic Communications, Inc. ("Original Entropic")—the original assignee of the patents currently asserted by Entropic in this case—agreed as a member of MoCA to license patents essential to MoCA on RAND terms. MaxLinear—a member of MoCA's Board of Directors since 2015—affirmed that promise when it acquired Original Entropic. However, when MaxLinear sold the patents originally owned by Original Entropic to the Entropic entity that is the plaintiff in this case, it failed to include language required by MoCA concerning RAND and misrepresented whether the patents were RAND encumbered. Since acquiring the Original Entropic patents, the Entropic entity that is the plaintiff in this case has failed to honor Original Entropic's and MaxLinear's RAND promises, and has failed to offer DISH RAND terms despite DISH's repeated requests.
- 8. Accordingly, DISH seeks relief arising from MaxLinear's and Entropic's tortious conduct relating to the transfer of the patents currently asserted against DISH and the filing of the present lawsuit. DISH also seeks redress for MaxLinear's and Entropic's conduct in violation of the anti-trust laws. DISH also seeks to hold Entropic to the promises made by the predecessors-in-interest to patents asserted in this case, and for redresses for Entropic (and MaxLinear's) breaches of their contractual duties to MoCA, MoCA members, and MoCA implementors.

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1	<u>PARTIES</u>
2	9. Defendant and Counterclaim-Plaintiff DISH Network Corporation is a
3	Nevada corporation, with a principal place of business at 9601 S. Meridian Boulevard,
4	Englewood, Colorado 80112
5	10. Defendant and Counterclaim-Plaintiff DISH Network L.L.C. is a
6	Colorado Limited Liability Company, with a principal place of business at 9601 S.
7	Meridian Boulevard, Englewood, Colorado 80112.
8	11. Defendant and Counterclaim-Plaintiff Dish Network Service, L.L.C. is a
9	Colorado Limited Liability Company, with a principal place of business at 9601 S.
10	Meridian Boulevard, Englewood, Colorado 80112.
11	512.12. Defendant and Counterclaim-Plaintiff Dish California is a wholly owned
12	subsidiary of DISH Network L.L.C., and is a Colorado Corporation with its principal
13	place of business at 9601 S. Meridian Boulevard, Englewood, Colorado 80112.
14	13. Counterclaim-Plaintiff DISH Technologies L.L.C. is a Colorado
15	Corporation with its principal place of business at 9601 S. Meridian Boulevard,
16	Englewood, Colorado 80112.
17	513.14. On information and belief, Plaintiff and Counterclaim-Defendant
18	Entropic Communications LLC is a Delaware limited liability company with an office
19	at 7150 Preston Road, Suite 300, Plano, Texas 75024.
20	514.15. On information and belief, MaxLinear, Inc., a Counterclaim-Defendant,
21	is a Delaware corporation, with a principal place of business at 5966 La Place Court
22	Suite 100, Carlsbad, CA 92008.
23	515.16. On information and belief, MaxLinear Communications LLC is an
24	affiliate of MaxLinear, Inc., and is a Delaware limited liability company with a
25	principal place of business at 5966 La Place Court Suite 100, Carlsbad, CA 92008.
26	Collectively, MaxLinear, Inc. and MaxLinear Communications LLC are referred to
27	as "MaxLinear."

JURISDICTION	AND	VENUE
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516.17. Dish California's DISH's declaratory judgment counterclaims arise
under Title 35 of the United States Code. The Court has subject matter jurisdiction
over them under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338, 2201, and 2202 as they arise under an Act
of Congress relating to patents, patent infringement, and the Declaratory Judgment
Act. This Court has jurisdiction over DISH's anti-trust claims pursuant to at least 15
<u>U.S.C.</u> § 1. In addition, the Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §
1367, because the state law counterclaims form part of the same case or controversy
and arise from a common nucleus of operative fact as the federal patent infringement
claims being asserted against Dish California DISH by Entropic.

517.18. Entropic has consented to personal jurisdiction by commencing an action alleging patent infringement in this District, as set forth in Entropic's Complaint.

518.19. This Court has general personal jurisdiction over MaxLinear because MaxLinear conducts systematic and regular business within the State of California by, *inter alia*, providing integrated circuits and software products, as well as systemson-chip solutions used for multimarket applications.

519.20. Upon information and belief, MaxLinear maintains a regular and established place of business within this district at 50 Parker, Irvine, CA 92618.

520.21. Venue over Dish California's DISH's counterclaims is proper, to the extent that venue over Entropic's claims is proper, under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and 1400(b).

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FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The Multimedia over Coax Alliance ("MoCA")

<u>22. MoCA</u> is an independent, non-profit standard-setting organization ("SSO") that produces accepted standards for in-home networking.⁴ <u>MoCA's foundingMore specifically, MoCA promulgates, publishes, and promotes standards that allow for IP networking using legacy coaxial cabling.</u>

521.23. MoCA was founded in 2004. Founding members in 2004 included Cisco Systems, Comcast, EchoStar, Technologies Corporation (an affiliate of DISH), Entropic Communications, Matsushita Electric (Panasonic), Motorola, Radio Shack Corporation, and Toshiba. By 2008, additional digital entertainment providers such as Cox, Verizon, AT&T, DirecTV, and Time Warner Cable joined MoCA. In addition to digital entertainment providers, silicon makers such as Broadcom Corporation (by way of its acquisition of Octalica), Conexant Systems, Inc., BroadLight, Inc., Applied Micro Circuits Corporation, and Texas Instruments

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DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

MoCA Frequently Asked Questions (mocalliance.org), https://mocalliance.org/about/faqs.php (last visited Sept. 21, 2023)

^{5 &}quot;8 Technology Leaders Form Multimedia Over Coax Alliance to Enable Entertainment Devices to Interconnect Throughout the Home Via Coax Cabling," *MoCA*, January 5, 2004 (archive), *available at* https://web.archive.org/web/20150204230050/http://www.mocalliance.org/news/pr_040105_8_tech_leaders_form_moca.htm (last visited Sept. 21, 2023)

and Verizon Join Multimedia Cox over Coax Alliance, https://web.archive.org/web/20150204230053/https:/mocalliance.org/news/pr_0508 09 cox and vorizon joins moca.htm (last visited Sept. 21, 2023); AT&T Laboratoraties Member Newest of MoCATM, [sic] Is https://mocalliance.org/news/pr_060606_ATandT_Joins_MoCA.php visited (last **DirecTV** Sept. 21. 2023): **Joins** MoCA. https://mocalliance.org/news/pr_050508_directv_joins_moca.php (last visited Sept. 21, Time Warner Cable **Joins** 2023): MoCA, https://mocalliance.org/news/pr_070108_time_warner_cable_joins_moca.php visited Sept. 21, 2023)

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joined MoCA including as contributors.⁷ ViXS Systems Inc. joined MoCA on 1 2 September 10, 2009.8 EchoStar (an affiliate of Dish California) was a founding member of 3 MoCA in 2004.9 On information and belief, affiliates of Dish California were 4 5 exploring multiple alternatives for home networking technologies for transmission of 6 video including via Ethernet and wireless mediums. On information and belief, affiliates of Dish California were also seeking to develop a standard that multiple 7 8 manufacturers could implement to foster multiple sources of supply. On information 9 and belief, EchoStar (now DISH Technologies L.L.C., an affiliate of Dish California) 10 participated in MoCA because of the commitment of its members, including Entropic Communications, Inc., that MoCA technology would be licensed to allow other 11 12 manufacturers to use MoCA related patents. 13 14 15 BroadLight Upgrade MoCA's Broadcom, Conexant and to New. https://www.globenewswire.com/news-16 release/2007/06/26/361527/7047/en/Broadcom-Conexant-and-BroadLight-Upgrade-17 to-MoCA-s-New-Contributor-Class.html (last visited Sept. 21, 2023); Broadcom Jump Starts MOCA Strategy | Light Reading, https://www.lightreading.com/cable-18 video/broadcom-jump-starts-moca-strategy/d/d-id/641350 (last visited Sept. 21, 19 2023); MoCA Adds Additional Silicon Vendor, https://mocalliance.org/news/pr_060214_MoCA_Adds_Silicon_Vendor.php (last 20 visited Sept. 21, 2023); MoCA Adds Another Silicon Vendor in AMCC, 21 https://mocalliance.org/news/pr_060829_MoCA_Adds_AMCC.php visited Sept. 21, 2023); MoCATM Expands Membership to Include Texas Instruments, 22 https://mocalliance.org/news/pr_061106_MoCA_Adds_Texas_Instruments.php (last 23 visited Sept. 21, 2023) MoCA®, ViXS **Systems Joins** 24 https://mocalliance.org/news/prM_090910_ViXS_Systems_Joins_MoCA.php (last 25 visited Sept. 21, 2023) "8 Technology Leaders Form Multimedia Over Coax Alliance to Enable 26 Entertainment Devices to Interconnect Throughout the Home Via Coax Cabling," **January** 2004 (archive), 27

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https://web.archive.org/web/20150204230050/http://www.mocalliance.org/news/pr_

040105_8_tech_leaders_form_moca.htm (last visited Sept. 21, 2023)

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MaxLinear, Inc. joined MoCA as an associate member as of August 17, 1 2 2011. 10 MaxLinear, Inc. acquired Entropic Communications Inc. in 2015, after which MaxLinear, Inc. became a member of the MoCA Board of Directors. H MaxLinear. 3 Inc. remains a member of the MoCA Board of Directors. 12 On information and belief, 4 5 MaxLinear signed a membership agreement for MoCA. 6 524. In general, industry standards such as those promulgated by MoCA, are 7 beneficial because they help allow devices created by one company to communicate 8 with devices made by another, and component manufacturers can implement 9 standards that will operate in a variety of end products. Standardization, therefore, helps ensure products created by one company will interoperate with another 10 company's products. By as early as 2005, MoCA companies had demonstrated 11 interoperability. 13 12 13 525. Industry standards, however, can harm competition and consumers when companies, such as Entropic, allege they own patents they deem essential to the 14 15 standards and then demand excessive royalties for their use. Inclusion of a patented 16 technology in a standard can grant substantial market power to the patent owner. 17 Although alternative technologies may be selected while developing the standard, 18 once a standard is adopted, those alternatives often may no longer be workable. 19 Companies using certain aspects of the standard—such as by incorporating MoCA compatible chips in set top boxes make substantial investments that are tied to using 20 21 ¹⁰MaxLinear Signs Up 22 https://mocalliance.org/news/prM_110817_MaxLinear_Signs_Up_to_MoCA.php (last visited Sept. 21, 2023) 23 Inc., Joins MoCA Board of Directors MaxLinear. 24 https://www.globenewswire.com/en/newsrelease/2015/05/13/735634/7047/en/MaxLinear Inc Joins MoCA Board of 25 Directors.html (last visited Sept. 21, 2023) ¹² Board of Directors, https://mocalliance.org/about/board.php (last visited Sept. 21, 26 2023) 27 ¹³ MoCA Completes Plugfest For 270 Mbps Home Nets over Coax—Converge Digest, https://convergedigest.com/moca completes plugfest for 270 mbps/ (last visited 28 Sept. 21, 2023)

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DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT

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the standard. The costs associated with abandoning the previously adopted standard
in favor of an alternative may be completely infeasible for technical or economic
reasons unrelated to the value of the underlying patented technology. As a result, the
industry may become "locked in" to a standard.
526. SSOs, such as MoCA, have adopted policies to address the potential

526. SSOs, such as MoCA, have adopted policies to address the potential harms from lock in of a standard, including the risk that patent holders can "hold up" users of the standard by taking advantage of their dependence on the standard. SSOs such as MoCA also adopt these policies to ensure that standard setting is procompetitive and not open to abuse.

24. __MoCA adopted such a policy. MoCA's The first version of the MoCA standard (Version 1.0) was ratified and published in 2006. Since that time, MoCA members have continued to develop newer versions of the MoCA Standard. MoCA 1.1 was published in 2007, with an Extension published in 2010. MoCA 2.0 was published in 2010. MoCA 2.5 was published in 2016; and MoCA 3.0 was published in 2021.

The MoCA Contract

25. According to MoCA, "MoCA® provides a forum and environment where Alliance members meet to develop multi-gigabit coaxial connectivity standards." However, in order to participate in MoCA, Alliance members must enter into contracts with MoCA that govern the member's behavior with respect to MoCA.

26. On information and belief, and as set forth in the MoCA Corporate Bylaws,

¹⁴ "About MoCA(r), the Multimedia over Coax Alliance," available at https://mocalliance.org/about/index.php (last visited January 9, 2024.

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2	¹⁵ Exhibit 1, MoCA Bylaws at ¶¶ 3.1-3.3.
3	27. As set forth in the MoCA Bylaws,
4	An exemplar un-executed
5	Promoter Member Agreement is attached as Exhibit 2 ("Promoter Member
6	Agreement").
7	28. Pursuant to the terms of the Promoter Member Agreement, the Promoter
8	Member agrees to abide by the MoCA Intellectual Property Rights ("IPR") Policy
9	and "Antitrust Guidelines," both attachments to the Promoter Member Agreement.
10	Promoter Member Agreement, §§ 3.1, 6. Thus, the Promotor Agreement, including
11	the IPR Policy and the Antitrust Guidelines, constitute an enforceable contract
12	between the Promoter Member, MoCA, and the other members of MoCA.
13	29. A true and correct copy of the MoCA IPR Policy is attached as Exhibit
14	3.16
15	527.30. Pursuant to its express terms, MoCA's IPR Policy "applies to all
16	Alliance Parties and their Affiliates (as defined below)[.]" MoCA IPR Policy § 1.
17	The IPR defines "Alliance Party(ies)" as "a Participant or a Voting Member." MoCA
18	<u>IPR Policy § 2.</u> One objective of MoCA's IPR <u>policy Policy</u> was to "maximize the
19	likelihood of widespread adoption of such specifications." MoCA IPR Policy § 1.
20	528.31. As to the rights and obligations, the MoCA IPR Policy requires
21	each member to grant a license to "Essential Patent Claims" in Section 5.1.1: "[E]ach
22	¹⁵ A copy of the MoCA Corporate Bylaws ("Bylaws") is attached as Exhibit 1.
23	DISH reserves the right to address other versions of the Corporate Bylaws should
24	Entropic and/or MaxLinear contend that a different version is applicable to the present dispute.
25	The relevant version of the IPR Policy is attached as Exhibit 3. To the extent
26	Entropic and/or MaxLinear alleges that another revision of the IPR Policy should apply, DISH reserves the right to address other versions of the IPR Policy.
27	⁴⁷ -MoCA IPR Policy, publicly available at https://www.essentialpatentblog.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/64/2013/05/MOCA IPR Policy Approved 1 24 11.pdf (last
28	visited Sept. 21, 2023) 82
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Alliance Party shall offer to license to the requesting Alliance Party(ies) . . . such Alliance Party's and its Affiliates' Essential Patent Claims to the extent necessary to use, make, have made, offer for sale, sell and import Fully Compliant Products in conformance with or as described in such Approved Draft Deliverable." The MoCA IPR policyPolicy requires the license be fair, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory: "Such licenses shall be non-exclusive, non-transferable, non-sublicensable, world wide, and on fair, reasonable and nondiscriminatory terms and conditions (collectively, 'RAND') which may include defensive suspension provisions." MoCA IPR Policy § 5.1.1.

Specifically, the policy states: "Each Alliance Party further represents and warrants and agrees that it has not and will not intentionally transfer or otherwise encumber its patents that reasonably may contain Essential Patent Claims for the purpose of circumventing the obligation to grant licenses contained in this IPR Policy." MoCA IPR Policy § 4.1.2. Should a transfer of "Essential Patent Claims" take place, the IPR Policy requires "any agreement for transferring or assigning Essential Patent Claims includes a provision that such transfer or assignment is subject to existing licenses and obligations to license imposed on the Alliance Party by this Agreement and the Alliance Bylaws." MoCA IPR Policy § 5.1.2.

On information and belief, including because it was a founding member of MoCA, Original Entropic executed a "Promoter Member Agreement" or agreement of similar scope. Pursuant to the terms of the Promoter Member Agreement,

23 Agreeme

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1	On information and belief, including because MaxLinear is listed as a
2	"Promoter" and member of MoCA's Board of Directors on MoCA's website, 18
3	MaxLinear executed a "Promoter Member Agreement" or agreement of similar scope.
4	See Ex. 4. Pursuant to the terms of the Promoter Member Agreement,
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11	35. "Voting Members" and "Participants" (i.e., "Associates" and
12	"Contributors") must also execute agreements (see MoCA Bylaws §§ 3.2, 3.3).
13	Exemplar copies of agreements executed by "Participants" are attached as Exhibit 5
14	("Contributor Agreement") and Exhibit 6 ("Associate Agreement"). Each of these
15	agreements also require that members comply with the terms of the IPR Policy. See
16	Contributor Agreement, § 4; Associate Agreement, § 4. On information and belief,
17	at least MaxLinear has also executed at least the Associate Agreement. See Ex. 7.
18	
19	Events Leading to DISH's Counterclaims
20	36. DISH has been forced to bring these counterclaims to vindicate the
21	promises embodied in the MoCA IPR Policy and to seek redress for the harms it has
22	suffered for MaxLinear's and Entropic's actions in violation of the MoCA IPR Policy.
23	37. In its complaint and infringement contentions, Entropic alleges that the
24	DISH Defendants infringe certain claims ("the Asserted Claims") of U.S. Patent Nos.
25	U.S. Patent Nos. 7,295,518; 7,594,249; 7,889,75; 8,085,802; 9,838,213; 10,432,422;
26	8,631,450; 8,621,539; 8,320,566; 10,257,566; 8,228,910; 8,363,681 (collectively,
27	
28	¹⁸ See "Our Members," available at https://mocalliance.org/about/members.php

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

"the Asserted Patents" or "Asserted Patents").	Entropic's allegations of infringement
are based on DISH's alleged incorporation of	MoCA standards into its products.

- 38. Entropic has alleged that the Asserted Claims are necessarily infringed by compliance with at least one version of the MoCA Standards. As such, as Entropic has alleged infringement, the Asserted Claims are "Essential Patent Claims" as defined by the MoCA IPR Policy. *See* MoCA IPR Policy, Definitions.
- 39. For the avoidance of doubt, DISH does not accept Entropic's contention that the Asserted Claims in this action are necessary to products that implement any MoCA standard. Also, to the extent DISH products implement any part of any MoCA standard, DISH does not concede that any implementations of those parts in its products practice the Asserted Claims. Nonetheless, DISH has relied upon Entropic and/or its predecessors-in-interests' membership in MoCA and, on information and belief, Entropic and/or its predecessors-in-interests' agreement to be bound by the MoCA IPR Policy, that all patent controversies may be avoided based on the offer of patent licenses on reasonable rates and non-discriminatory terms and conditions.
- 40. As noted above, the patents in this case were originally assigned to Original Entropic. Because Original Entropic, on information and belief, executed the Promoter Member Agreement (or similar agreement), and to the extent the Asserted Claims are Essential Patent Claims as defined in the MoCA IPR Policy, Original Entropic and any subsequent owner or assignee of the Asserted Patents is obligated to license the Asserted Patents on RAND terms.
- 41. Original Entropic acknowledged its obligation to comply with the MoCA IPR Policy. In its 2012 Annual Report filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, it stated that, "[i]n connection with our membership in MoCA, we are required to license any of our patent claims that are essential to implement the MoCA specification to other MoCA members under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms."

<u>42.</u>	MaxLinear	acquired (Original	Entropic	(including	the Asser	ted Patents)
in 2015.		_		_			
111 2010.							

- 43. Because MaxLinear, on information and belief, has at least executed a Promoter Member Agreement and an Associate Agreement (or similar agreements), and to the extent the Asserted Claims are Essential Patent Claims as defined in the MoCA IPR Policy, MaxLinear and any subsequent owner or assignee of the Asserted Patents is obligated to license the Asserted Patents on RAND terms.
- On information and belief, including at least because MaxLinear touted Entropic's MoCA patent portfolio in its 2015 and 2016 Annual Reports, MaxLinear was aware of Original Entropic's assertions that many of its patents were essential to the implementation of MoCA standards. Moreover, on information and belief, including at least because of MaxLinear's prior involvement with MoCA, MaxLinear was aware of the MoCA IPR Policy and the obligation to license MoCA essential patents on RAND terms.
- 45. However, MaxLinear reneged on the promises it made pursuant to the MoCA IPR Policy in 2021 when it transferred the Asserted Patents to Entropic.
- The MoCA IPR Policy provides that "[a]ny sale, assignment or other 46. transfer by an Alliance Party or its Affiliates to an unaffiliated third party of an Essential Patent Claim shall be subject to the terms in this IPR Policy." MoCA IPR Policy, § 5.1.2. Moreover, the MoCA IPR Policy requires that "any agreement for transferring or assigning Essential Patent Claims includes a provision that such transfer or assignment is subject to . . . obligations to license imposed on the Alliance Party by this Agreement." *Id.*
- 47. The Patent Purchase Agreement that transferred the rights in the Asserted Patents from MaxLinear to Entropic

To the contrary, MaxLinear represented in the Patent Purchase Agreement

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4	See
5	<u>Ex. 8.</u>
6	48. Since its acquisition of the Asserted Patents, Entropic has made no effort
7	to comply with the MoCA IPR Policy.
8	49. On March 9, 2022, Entropic sent a letter to Mr. Tim Messner, General
9	Counsel for DISH Network LLC at that time, alleging that DISH's "satellite television
10	services infringe certain claims of these patent." The charts alleging infringement
11	attached as an exhibit to that letter contain multiple references to MoCA. The letter
12	makes no reference to the MoCA IPR Policy, nor does it make any offer to license
13	the Asserted Patents on RAND terms.
14	50. On May 3, 2022, Messrs. Max Gratton and Ira Jamshidi discussed
15	licensing Entropic's patent portfolio—including the Asserted Patents—with
16	Entropic's CEO Mr. Boris Teksler. On that call, Messrs. Gratton and Jamshidi
17	requested a licensing proposal from Entropic on behalf of DISH Network L.L.C. and
18	all DISH entities, which Entropic agreed to provide. No license proposal was
19	forthcoming.
20	51. On July 14, 2022, Entropic again agreed to provide terms for a license.
21	Again, though, no license proposal was forthcoming.
22	52. On December 28, 2022, Mr. Teksler sent another letter to Mr. Messner.
23	In that letter, Mr. Teksler and Entropic committed "to licensing its patents that cover
24	MoCA technology on reasonable terms, without discrimination among similarly-
25	situated providers (often called 'RAND terms.')." Still—no license proposal was
26	forthcoming.
27	53. Instead of providing license terms, Entropic brought two suits against
28	DISH entities. Entropic filed the present lawsuit on February 10, 2023. As with its
	DISH CALLEOPNIA'S DISH'S ANSWED A FEIDMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL

previous letter, Entropic's allegations of infringement center on MoCA standards.
However, Entropic's complaint contains no reference to the MoCA IPR Policy nor
any obligation to license the Asserted Patents on RAND terms.

- 54. On March 31, 2023, Mr. Gratton again asked Entropic to provide license terms. In this written correspondence, Mr. Gratton "reiterate[d] [his] request for Entropic's RAND-compliant offer on the patents asserted as essential to the MOCA standard" and specifically requested Entropic's "RAND licensing rate sheet for the standard-essential patents." Again, though, no licensing proposal was received.
- 55. In a letter dated November 10, 2023, Mr. James Hanft, Vice President and Associate General Counsel for DISH Network L.L.C., again asked Entropic for a RAND-compliant offer. In that letter, Mr. Hanft detailed this history of the negotiations, including Entropic continuing failure to provide any RAND rates or a RAND-compliant offer, and noted "Entropic has no excuse for failing to provide such terms." Ex. 9.
- 56. To date, Entropic has refused to provide *any* licensing proposal, and the only monetary terms Entropic has identified is its claim for \$1,000,000,000 (One Billion Dollars), which it claims are the damages it is seeking in the present lawsuit. (See D.I. 76 at 11).
- 57. To date, Entropic has refused to confirm that it has any obligation to license the patents which it claims are essential to MoCA standards on RAND terms or that it will make a license offer compliant with its obligations during the pendency of this lawsuit.

DISH Technologies Has Standing to Enforce the MoCA IPR Policy

58. At least DISH Technologies has standing to enforce the MoCA IPR Policy in the present suit because it is a former member of MoCA and because it has and will continue to be harmed by Entropic and MaxLinear's refusal to license on RAND terms and other wrongful conduct.

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59. Dish Technologies was previously a Promoter Member of MoCA. More
specifically, Dish Technologies was previously named EchoStar Technologies, who
executed a Promoter Member Agreement at least as of 2004. EchoStar Technologies
continued to be a member, including serving on the Board of Directors of MoCA,
<u>until 2019.</u>
60. The MoCA IPR Policy explicitly provides that former members may
enforce its terms.
61 For example, the MoCA IPP Policy provides that a "terminated Alliance

- Party shall be entitled to request or require any Alliance Party to license such Alliance Party's Essential Patent Claims under Section 5.1 (RAND Licenses), but only to the extent necessary to use, make, have made, offer for sale, sell and import Fully Compliant Products in conformance with or as described in Draft Deliverables or Approved Draft Deliverables approved by the Board of Directors prior to such expiration or termination[.]" MoCA IPR Policy, §7.1.
- 62. DISH Technologies sells the DISH "Hopper" and "Joey" products implicated in Entropic's Complaint. According to the explicit terms of the MoCA IPR policy, DISH Technologies thus shall be "entitled" to require Entropic and/or MaxLinear to license patents essential to MoCA Standards on RAND terms. DISH Technologies therefore has standing to bring claims to enforce the terms of the IPR Policy.
- MaxLinear's wrongful behavior. Entropic's failure to license on RAND terms, MaxLinear's failure to include RAND encumbrances in its assignment to Entropic, and the other wrongful acts undertaken by Entropic and MaxLinear, has harmed DISH Technologies' ability to sell its product, including by raising its costs through this lawsuit. Moreover, DISH Technologies has also suffered diminution of reputation in the marketplace, including its reputation as an innovator. These harms underline DISH Technologies' standing to enforce the terms of the MoCA IPR policy.

The	DISH	Defendants	Have S	Standing to	Enforce the	MoCA	IPR Policy
1 116	$\mathbf{D}\mathbf{I}\mathbf{O}\mathbf{\Pi}$	Detellualits	naves	Manding to	Dinorce in		IFK FORCY

- 64. The DISH Defendants each also have standing to enforce the MoCA IPR Policy because they are at least third-party beneficiaries of the promises embodied in the IPR Policy.
- 65. As courts have found, "[c]ompanies seeking to license under [FRAND] terms become third-party beneficiaries of the contract between the [SEP] holder and the [Standards Setting Organization (SSO)]. They are thus enabled to enforce the terms of that contract." *HTC Corp. v. Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson*, 12 F.4th 476, 481 (5th Cir. 2021); *Microsoft Corp. v. Motorola, Inc.*, 795 F.3d 1024, 1031 (9th Cir. 2015) (finding "an SEP holder cannot refuse a license to a manufacturer who commits to paying the RAND rate ...").
- 66. In order to comply with anti-trust laws, RAND licenses must be made available to both members and non-members of the SSO. See, e.g., Ericsson, Inc. v. D-Link Sys., Inc., 773 F.3d 1201, 1209 (Fed. Cir. 2014) (noting that the FRAND commitment ensures that any standard implementor "cannot . . . maintain[] a patent monopoly" by refusing to "licens[e] others to use the invention or by granting licenses under special conditions designed to preserve that monopoly."). This is because RAND obligations exist to protect the parties that must adopt a standard in order to conduct their business—regardless of membership in the SSO. If the RAND-promise were limited to only members of the SSO, then a small group of companies could work together to create a standard and then hold up others who wish to make interoperable devices or services with exorbitant patent rates.
- 67. Entropic alleges that DISH has implemented MoCA standards. DISH has also asked for RAND terms for the license. Accordingly, DISH is and should be a third-party beneficiary of the MoCA IPR Policy.
- 68. The MoCA IPR Policy is consistent. For example, the MoCA IPR Policy explains that the policy "is intended to maximize the likelihood of widespread adoption" of MoCA specification. MoCA IPR Policy, § 1. Widespread adoption is

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only p	ossible	when	the	RAND	promise	applies t	o ar	ny imp	lementor	of	the	MoCA
, 1	1 1	1.41	1	10 1 0	1							
standar	rds beyo	ond the	e na	ndful of	member	compani	es.					

- 69. In line with this stated goal, MoCA routinely promoted the use of MoCA technology by non-members. For example, MoCA published brochures urging inhome television service providers and installers, such as the DISH Defendants, to adopt MoCA technology. See, e.g., Ex. 10. Such promotion did not indicate that a company need be a member of MoCA in order to avoid exorbitant non-RAND patent licensing demands. See id.
- 70. The MoCA IPR Policy also provides that the policy "is designed and intended to comply with all applicable law, including federal and state anti-trust laws." MoCA IPR Policy, § 1. In order to comply with anti-trust laws, a SSO's RAND guarantee must apply to all-comers, not just members.
- 71. The DISH Defendants are also intended beneficiaries of the MoCA IPR Policy because of their relationship with former MoCA member companies.
- 72. As discussed above, at least EchoStar Technologies Corporation ("EchoStar")—now DISH Technologies, LLC—was previously a promoter member of MoCA. The DISH Defendants are either sister subsidiaries or parent corporations of DISH Technologies, LLC.
- 73. Moreover, while it had not executed a formal agreement, "DISH" (collectively) became a de facto member of MoCA through a course of conduct. In its internal MoCA documents relating to meetings of the Board of Directors spanning at least three years, for example, "DISH" (without specifying which DISH entity) is listed as a member of MoCA's Board of Directors and DISH's MoCA representative participated in meetings of the Board of Directors. *See, e.g.*, Ex. 11 at 3 (May 9, 2017, Agenda for Board of Director's Meeting, Listing "DISH" as a member of the Board); Ex. 12 at 1 (minutes from May 9, 2017, meeting, listing "DISH" as a member of the Board); Ex. 13 (record of attendance for Board Members, listing "DISH"); Ex. 14 at

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3	(June	2017	Board	meeting	Agenda,	listing	"DISH	!"); Ex.	15	(simila	r); Ex.	16 at 3
(8	similar): Ex.	17 (sir	nilar); Ex	x. 18 at 3	(simila	r): Ex.	19 (sim	ilar`): Ex. 2	20 (sim	ilar).

74. Pursuant to the MoCA IPR Policy, owners of MoCA-essential patents must grant RAND licenses "to the extent necessary" for the licensee "to use, make, have made, offer for sale, sell and import" products compliant with MoCA standards. MoCA IPR Policy, § 5.1.1. Plainly, as is contemplated by this provision, such a license must extend not only to whichever corporate entity is a member of MoCA, but also to related companies whose activities are "necessary" for the licensee to implement MoCA technologies. Accordingly, as is contemplated by the IPR Policy itself, entities such as the DISH Defendants are intended beneficiaries of the RAND promise.

COUNT I:

(As Against Counter-Defendant Entropic)

DECLARATORY JUDGMENT THAT DISH <u>CALIFORNIA</u> IS ENTITLED TO LICENSE THE ASSERTED PATENTS FROM ENTROPIC ON RAND TERMS

530.75. Counterclaim Plaintiff Dish California DISH incorporates and realleges the allegations set forth in Affirmative and Additional Defenses and Its Counterclaim Paragraphs 480-529,1-74, above, as if set forth fully herein.

531.76. Subject to the terms and conditions of the MoCA IPR Policy, Entropic and/or its predecessors-in-interest, including MaxLinear, made contractual commitments and are obligated to offer to Dish California DISH, and its affiliates, licenses to its essential patents on RAND terms and conditions if Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard is true. The MoCA IPR Policy states, "each Alliance Party shall offer to license to the requesting Alliance Party(ies), under the terms of a separate written agreement, such Alliance Party's and its Affiliates' Essential Patent Claims to the

extent necessary to use, make, have made, offer for sale, sell and import Fully
Compliant Products in conformance with or as described in such Approved Draft
Deliverable. Such licenses shall be non-exclusive, non-transferable, non-sub-
licensable, world wide, and on fair, reasonable[,] and nondiscriminatory terms and
conditions (collectively, 'RAND') which may include defensive suspension
provisions." MoCA IPR Policy § 5.1.1.

532.77. On information and belief, Entropic and MaxLinear are bound by the terms of Section 5.1.1 at least through the assignment of the Asserted Patents from Original Entropic Communications Inc. and MaxLinear under the MoCA IPR Policy, Section 5.1.2. Section 5.1.2 states: "[a]ny sale, assignment or other transfer by an Alliance Party or its Affiliates to an unaffiliated third party of an Essential Patent Claim shall be subject to the terms in this IPR Policy. . . . [A]ny agreement for transferring or assigning Essential Patent Claims includes a provision that such transfer or assignment is subject to existing licenses and obligations to license imposed on the Alliance Party by this Agreement and the Alliance Bylaws." MoCA IPR Policy § 5.1.2.

78. Original Entropic Communications Inc. was, and MaxLinear is, an Alliance Party as that term is defined in Section 2 of the MoCA IPR Policy. MoCA IPR Policy § 2 ("Alliance Party(ies)' means a Participant or a Voting Member."). Entropic Communications Inc. hasOriginal Entropic and MaxLinear at least executed Promoter Member Agreements (or similar agreements), agreeing to the terms of the IPR Policy, constituting binding contracts.

533.79. Original Entropic acknowledged its obligation to comply with the RAND obligation in the MoCA IPR Policy. In its 2012 Annual Report it stated "[i]n connection with our membership in MoCA, we are required to license any of our patent claims that are essential to implement the MoCA specification to other MoCA members under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms."

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	534.80. Entropic admits Entropic Communications Inc. is its predecessor-in-
	interest for the Asserted Patents. Compl. ¶ 17.
	535.81. Although affiliates for Dish California DISH Technologies withdrew
	from MoCA, Dish California DISH Technologies retains its benefits under the MoCA
	IPR Policy including the right to a RAND license under § 5.1.1 as an affiliate.
	Specifically, subject to certain conditions, the MoCA IPR Policy provides, a former
	Alliance Party shall be entitled to request or require any Alliance Party to license such
	Alliance Party's Essential Patent Claims under Section 5.1 (RAND Licenses)[.]"
	MoCA IPR Policy § 7.2. On information and belief, the Dish California
	affiliate's DISH Technologies' withdrawal from MoCA was not "termination by the
	Alliance without cause as provided in the Bylaws," and therefore, Dish
	California Technologies retains the benefit of Section 7.2 of the MoCA IPR Policy.
	These rights are shared with the DISH Defendants as third-party beneficiaries of the
	MoCA IPR Policy.
	536.82. Moreover, Entropic has alleged the Asserted Patents are essential to (i.e.,
	would necessarily be infringed by complying with) MoCA specifications. See
	Complaint at ¶¶ 93, 127, 161, 195, 229, 263, 297, 331, 365, 399, 433, 467. Entropic
	has also alleged Dish California's DISH's products are "MoCA-compliant" devices.
	See Complaint at ¶¶ 38-42. Consequently, Section 5.1.1 of the MoCA IPR Policy
	requires Entropic to offer Dish California DISH licenses to the Asserted Patents on

537.83. Despite repeated requests, including requests made in writing, Entropic has not offered Dish California DISH a license to the Asserted Patents on RAND terms and conditions.

RAND terms and conditions if Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are

standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard is true.

538.84. As a result of the acts described in the foregoing paragraphs, there exists a substantial controversy of sufficient immediacy and reality to warrant the issuance

Case 2:23-cv-01043-JWH-KES Document 305-22 Filed 01/31/24 Page 96 of 122 Page ID REDACTED VERSION OF DOCUMENT PROPOSED TO BE FILED UNDER SEAL 1 of a declaratory judgment from this Court confirming Entropic's obligation to license 2 the Asserted Patents on RAND terms and conditions. 3 **COUNT II**: (As Against Counter-Defendant Entropic) 4 DECLARATORY JUDGMENT TO DETERMINE RAND TERMS FOR 5 LICENSES TO THE ASSERTED PATENTS 6 539.85. Counterclaim Plaintiff Dish California DISH incorporates and realleges 7 the allegations set forth in Affirmative and Additional Defenses and its Counterclaim 8 Paragraphs 480 538,1-84 above, as if set forth fully herein. 9 540.86. As set forth above, by virtue of Entropic Communications Inc. Original 10 Entropic's and MaxLinear's participation in MoCA, and Original Entropic's and 11 MaxLinear's execution of Promoter Member Agreements (or similar agreements), 12 13

Entropic and MaxLinear areis bound by contractual commitments with MoCA and its members and affiliates including Dish California. DISH, including the MoCA IPR Policy.

541.87. Every As also set forth above, every party using any MoCA technology is an intended beneficiary of Entropic Communications, Inc.'s, Original Entropic's, and MaxLinear's voluntary contractual commitments to MoCA including the commitment to grant licenses on RAND terms to all that make, use, or sell products supporting the MoCA standards. These voluntary contractual commitments remain binding on Entropic as the predecessor-in-interest to the patents-in-suit.

542.88. As set forforth above, Entropic has chosen to engage in litigation, rather than good faith negotiation to reach agreement on RAND terms and conditions for Dish California DISH to license the Asserted Patents if Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of the MoCA standard is true.

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1	543.89. Despite repeated requests, including requests made in writing, Entropic
2	has failed to provide Dish California DISH with RAND terms and conditions for a
3	license to the Asserted Patents.
4	544.90. As a result of the acts described in the foregoing paragraphs, there exists
5	a substantial controversy of sufficient immediacy and reality to warrant the issuance
6	of a declaratory judgment to this Court setting RAND terms for any necessary licenses
7	to the Asserted Patents.
8	COUNT III: DECLARATORY JUDGMENT THAT THE ASSIGNMENT OF
9	THE ASSERTED PATENTS FROM MAXLINEAR TO ENTROPIC IS VOID
10	Counterclaim Plaintiff Dish California COUNT III
11	(As Against Counter-Defendant Entropic)
12	BREACH OF CONTRACT
13	545.91. DISH incorporates and realleges the allegations set forth in Affirmative
14	and Additional Defenses and Its Counterclaim Paragraphs 480 544, above, 1_90 above,
15	as if set forth fully herein.
16	92. As set forth above, by The MoCA IPR Policy constitutes a valid,
17	enforceable, and binding contract governed by the laws of California.
18	93. Original Entropic agreed to the terms of the MoCA IPR Policy by virtue
19	of Entropic Communications Inc. and MaxLinear's participation in MoCA, executing
20	a Promoter Member agreement (or similar agreement). Moreover, MaxLinear agreed
21	to the terms of the MoCA IPR Policy at least by virtue of executing a Promoter
22	Member Agreement and an Associate Agreement (or similar agreements).
23	94. Because both Original Entropic and MaxLinear are bound by contractual
24	commitments with MoCApredecessors-in-interest to the Asserted Patents, the
25	promises made by Original Entropic and MaxLinear to comply with the terms of the
26	MoCA IPR Policy remain binding on Entropic.
27	95. As set forth above (paragraphs 58-63), DISH Technologies has standing
28	to enforce the MoCA IPR Policy. 96
	DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

96. As set forth above (paragraphs 64-74), the DISH Defendants are
intended third-party beneficiaries of the MoCA IPR Policy and have standing to
enforce its members terms.
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- 97. To the extent the MoCA IPR Policy imposes any obligations on DISH, DISH has discharged them. By way of example, DISH made a request, in writing, for a RAND-complaint license offer.
- 98. Entropic has breached section 5.1.1 of the MoCA IPR Policy. Section 5.1.1 provides that Entropic must "offer to license" its "Essential Patent Claims to the extent necessary to use, make, have made, offer for sale, sell, and affiliates including Dishimport" products complaint with MoCA standards on a "non-exclusive, non-sublicensable, world wide" basis "on fair, reasonable and nondiscriminatory terms and conditions (collectively, '*RAND*') . . ." Entropic has breached section 5.1.1 at least because it has failed to provide DISH with a RAND-compliant license offer.
- 99. Entropic has also breached section 7.2 of the MoCA IPR Policy. Section 7.2 provides that "terminated Alliance Part[ies] shall be entitled to request or require any Alliance Party to license such Alliance Party's Essential Patent Claims under Section 5.1 (RAND Licenses), but only to the extent necessary to use, make, have made, offer for sale, sell and import" products complaint with MoCA standards "approved by the Board of Directors prior to such expiration or termination." To the extent DISH products implement any part of any MoCA Standard, Entropic has breached section 7.2 at least because it has failed to provide DISH with a RAND-compliant license offer.
- By way of example, DISH is forced to expend considerable sums of money and other resources to defend itself in the present suit—resources that DISH would not have had to expend had Entropic complied with the terms of the MoCA IPR Policy. DISH has also suffered diminution of reputation in the marketplace. DISH is entitled to

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recover these damages, as well as any additional relief that may be appropriate or

2	required to address Entropic's breaches.
3	<u>COUNT IV</u>
4	(As Against Counter-Defendant MaxLinear)
5	BREACH OF CONTRACT
6	101. DISH incorporates and realleges the allegations set forth in Its
7	Counterclaim Paragraphs 1-100 above, as if set forth fully herein.
8	546.102. The MoCA IPR Policy constitutes a valid, enforceable, and
9	binding contract governed by the laws of California.
10	103. One of those contractual commitments is Original Entropic agreed to the
11	terms of the MoCA IPR Policy by virtue of executing a Promoter Member Agreement
12	(or similar agreement). As Original Entropic was a predecessor-in-interest to the
13	Asserted Patents, the promises made by Original Entropic to comply with the terms
14	of the MoCA IPR Policy became binding on MaxLinear when MaxLinear acquired
15	the Asserted Patents in 2015.
16	104. Moreover, MaxLinear itself agreed to the terms of the MoCA IPR Policy
17	at least by virtue of executing a Promoter Member Agreement and an Associate
18	Agreement (or similar agreements).
19	105. As set forth above (paragraphs 58-63), DISH Technologies has standing
20	to enforce the MoCA IPR policy as a former member of MoCA.
21	106. As set forth above (paragraphs 64-74), the DISH Defendants are
22	intended third-party beneficiaries of the MoCA IPR Policy and have standing to
23	enforce its terms.
24	107. To the extent the MoCA IPR Policy imposes any obligations on DISH,
25	DISH has discharged them. By way of example, DISH made a request, in writing,
26	for a RAND-compliant license offer.
27	547.108. MaxLinear has breached Section 5.1.2 of the MoCA IPR Policy.
28	Section 5.1.2 provides that "[a]ny sale, assignment or other transfer by an Alliance
	98 DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

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Party or its Affiliates to an unaffiliated third party of an Essential Patent Claim
shall be subject to the terms in this IPR Policy[A]ny" and "any agreement for
transferring or assigning Essential Patent Claims <u>includes include</u> a provision that such
transfer or assignment is subject to existing licenses and obligations to license
imposed on the Alliance Party by this Agreement and the Alliance Bylaws." MoCA
IPR Policy § 5.1.2. " MaxLinear breached Section 5.1.2 at least because it failed to
transfer the Asserted Patents "subject to the terms" of the IPR Policy, nor did
MaxLinear include any provision in the agreement transferring the Asserted Patents
to Entropic that the transfer was subject to the obligations imposed by the MoCA IPR
Policy.
109. MaxLinear has also breached Section 4.1.2 of the MoCA IPR Policy. In
Section 4.1.2, MaxLinear "represent[ed], warrant[ed], and agree[d] that it has not and
will not intentionally transfer or otherwise encumber its patents that reasonably may
contain Essential Patent Claims for the purpose of circumventing the obligation to
grant licenses contained in this IPR Policy." MaxLinear breached Section 4.1.2 by
transferring the Asserted Patents without requiring Entropic to agree to license the
Asserted Patents on RAND terms and (as described more fully below) by attempting
to intentionally circumvent the RAND promise.
110. DISH has been harmed by MaxLinear's breach of the MoCA IPR Policy.
By way of example, DISH is forced to expend considerable sums of money and other
resources to defend itself in the present suit—resources that would not have had to
expend had MaxLinear complied with the terms of the MoCA IPR Policy. DISH has
also suffered diminution of reputation in the marketplace. DISH is entitled to recover
these damages, as well as any additional relief that may be appropriate or required to
address MaxLinear's breach.

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1	<u>COUNT V</u>
2	(As Against Counter-Defendant MaxLinear)
3	FRAUD AND NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION
4	548. As set forth above, Entropic Communications Inc. was, and MaxLinear
5	is, an Alliance Party who transferred the Asserted Patents to Entropic, and therefore,
6	Entropic and MaxLinear should be bound by the MoCA IPR Policy under MoCA IPR
7	Policy § 5.1.2.
8	111. On information and belief, the assignments of the Asserted Patents from
9	Entropic Communications Inc. directly or indirectly via MaxLinear to Entropic do not
10	contain "DISH incorporates and realleges the allegations set forth in its Counterclaim
11	Paragraphs 1-110 above, as if set forth fully herein.
12	112. On information and belief and as set forth above, MaxLinear represented
13	to the members of MoCA, their affiliates, and potential implementors of MoCA
14	standards—including DISH—that it would license the Asserted Patents under RAND
15	terms and conditions and ensure any future owners of the Asserted Patents would be
16	obligated to offer licenses under RAND terms and conditions. On information and
17	belief, such statements were made to induce companies such as DISH to adopt and
18	incorporate MoCA standards into their businesses, thus locking the companies into
19	MoCA technologies.
20	113. On information and belief, MaxLinear's representations that it would
21	license the Asserted Patents on RAND terms were false at the time MaxLinear made
22	them. At minimum, on information and belief, these representations were false and
23	made by MaxLinear without any reasonable grounds for the truth of the
24	representation.
25	114. That MaxLinear knew that its representations were false, or at least
26	lacked reasonable grounds for believing them true, is evidenced by MaxLinear's
27	behavior after its acquisition of Original Entropic.
28	100
	DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT

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115. Prior to MaxLinear's acquisition, Original Entropic had made specific
statements in its Annual Reports affirming its obligation to license the Asserted
Patents on RAND Terms. In its 2012 Annual Report, for example, Original Entropic
stated "[i]n connection with our membership in MoCA, we are required to license any
of our patent claims that are essential to implement the MoCA specification to other
MoCA members under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms."

116. On information and belief, MaxLinear knew of Original Entropic's statements prior to acquiring Original Entropic. Moreover, on information and belief, including at least because of MaxLinear's own participation in MoCA, MaxLinear was aware of the MoCA IPR Policy and its obligations. However, in its own Annual Report in 2015, MaxLinear touted its acquisition of Original Entropic and the MoCA patents without disclosing encumbrances on those patents.

117. That MaxLinear knew that its representations were false, or at least lacked reasonable grounds for believing them true, is further evidenced by MaxLinear's transfer of the Asserted Patents to Entropic.

549.118. As discussed above, Section 5.1.2 of the MoCA IPR Policy requires that "any agreement for transferring or assigning Essential Patent Claims include a provision that such transfer or assignment is subject to existing licenses and obligations to license imposed on the Alliance Party" as the MoCA IPR Policy requires. MoCA IPR Policy § 5.1.2. Moreover, as set forth above, Entropic's failure to offer a license to the Asserted Patents on RAND terms and conditions to Dish California reflects Entropic's belief that it is under no obligation to do so by this Agreement and the Alliance Bylaws." MaxLinear not only failed to include such a provision, but also represented that the Asserted Patents were not encumbered by a RAND obligation. More specifically, MaxLinear warranted that the only known encumbrances on the Asserted Patents were two license agreements unrelated to the MoCA IPR Policy.

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1	119. That MaxLinear knew that its representations were false, or at least
2	lacked reasonable grounds for believing them true, is further evidenced by Entropic's
3	failure to offer DISH a license to the Asserted Patents under RAND terms, despite
4	repeated requests by DISH.
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10	120. DISH reasonably relied on the representations of MoCA participants,
11	such as and including MaxLinear, that such participants in standard setting would
12	honor their commitments under the MoCA IPR Policy when deciding what
13	technologies to utilize in its business.
14	121. DISH has been harmed by MaxLinear's fraudulent or negligently-false
15	representations, at least because the significant cost of the instant litigation may have
16	been avoided if Entropic offered DISH a license to the Asserted Patents under RAND
17	terms and conditions. DISH's reliance on MaxLinear's representations is a
18	substantial factor in causing this harm because, absent a representation to license on
19	RAND terms, DISH may have elected to use different technology.
20	122. Due to MaxLinear's fraud and negligent misrepresentations, DISH has
21	suffered damages in the form of costs and expenses associated with litigation and
22	diminution of reputation in the marketplace. DISH is entitled to recover these
23	damages, as well as any additional relief that may be appropriate or required to
24	address Entropic's and MaxLinear's tortious conduct.
25	550. <u>COUNT VIEvery party using technology contained within the MoCA</u>
26	standards is an intended beneficiary of Entropic Communications, Inc.'s, Entropic's,
27	and MaxLinear's voluntary contractual commitments to MoCA, including the
28	commitment to grant licenses on RAND terms to all that make, use, or sell products 102
	DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

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1	supporting the MoCA standards as well as to include provisions binding future
2	assignees to the same commitment.
3	551. As a result of the acts described in the foregoing paragraphs, there exists
4	a substantial controversy of sufficient immediacy and reality to warrant the issuance
5	of a declaratory judgment voiding the assignment of the patents to Entropic.
6	COUNT IV: BREACH OF MAXLINEAR'S AND ENTROPIC'S RAND
7	CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENT
8	Counterclaim Plaintiff Dish California
9	(As Against Counter-Defendants Entropic and MaxLinear)
10	FRAUD ARISING FROM A CIVIL CONSPIRACY
11	123. DISH incorporates and realleges the allegations set forth in its
12	Counterclaim Paragraphs 1-122 above, as if set forth fully herein.
13	124. On information and belief, both Entropic and MaxLinear conspired to
14	commit fraud and negligent misrepresentation to avoid having to license the Asserted
15	Patents on RAND terms in violation of the MoCA IPR Policy. On information and
16	belief, the purpose of this conspiracy was to launder the Asserted Patents, thus
17	"washing" them of the RAND encumbrances set forth in the MoCA IPR Policy.
18	125. As discussed above (paragraphs 111-122), MaxLinear made fraudulent
19	and/or negligently false representations that it would license patents essential to the
20	practice of MoCA standards on RAND terms.
21	126. On information and belief, MaxLinear transferred ownership of the
22	Asserted Patents to Entropic to further its fraudulent scheme. On information and
23	belief, the other aim of the transfer of ownership of the Asserted Patents was to breach
24	the MoCA IPR Policy

127. On information and belief, the Conspirators had actual knowledge of the planned tort of inducing breach of contract, fraud, and/or negligent misrepresentation and concurred in the tortious scheme with knowledge of its unlawful purpose. Affirmative and On information and belief, the Conspirators agreed and 103

DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

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1	intended that breach of contract, fraud, and/or negligent misrepresentation be
2	<u>furthered and/or committed.</u>
3	128. The intent of the Conspirators can be inferred by the knowledge each had
4	regarding the nature of the Asserted Patents (for example, MaxLinear's statements in
5	its Annual Reports regarding the patent portfolio it acquired from Original Entropic
6	and Entropic's allegations of infringement arising from the alleged use of MoCA
7	standards); and from the knowledge each had (or should have had) regarding MoCA's
8	IPR policies. In other words, despite apparently believing that the Asserted Patents
9	were essential to the practice of MoCA standards, the Conspirators attempted to
10	"wash" the patents of any RAND obligations by transferring them to Entropic without
11	any indication of the RAND encumbrances.
12	552.129. Additional Defenses and Counterclaim Paragraphs 480 551,
13	above, as if set forth fully herein. intent of the Conspirators can be inferred by the
14	financial relationship between them. By way of example, despite transferring
15	ownership of the Asserted Patents to Entropic, MaxLinear has a significant financial
16	stake in the outcome of Entropic's litigation and licensing efforts. Yet, rather than
17	pursuing licensing itself, MaxLinear elected to transfer ownership of the Asserted
18	Patents to another entity whose only purpose is to bring lawsuits with at least the
19	purpose of financial gain. This transfer allowed MaxLinear to avoid the expense of
20	litigation, while burdening DISH with the costs of this lawsuit.
21	553. Dish California DISH has been harmed by virtue of its affiliation with
22	EchoStar, a founding member of MoCA in 2004, Dish California is a beneficiary of
23	the MoCA IPR Policy.
24	554. For the reasons stated above, on information and belief, Entropic
25	and conspiracy between MaxLinear are bound by the MoCA IPR Policy.
26	555. Under the MoCA IPR Policy, on information and belief, Entropic and
27	MaxLinear were contractually obligated to offer Dish California such a license on
28	RAND terms and conditions upon receipt of such a request rather than file or maintain
	DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

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1	a lawsuit if Entropic's admission that the Asserted Patents are standard essential
2	patents for and Entropic, at least one version of the MoCA standard is true.
3	556. Without making a RAND licensing offer to Dish California, Entropic
4	filed this lawsuit against Dish California on February 10, 2023, alleging that Dish
5	California infringes twelve patents that Entropic alleges are essential to at least one
6	MoCA standard.
7	557.130. Entropic's filing because the significant cost of the instant lawsuit
8	and attempt to recoup damages litigation may have been avoided if Entropic offered
9	DISH a license to the Asserted Patents under 35 U.S.C. §§ 284 and 285, without
10	offering to license the Asserted Patents to Dish California on RAND terms and
11	conditions, is a material breach of the MoCA IPR Policy.
12	558.131. Due to Entropic's the conspiracy between Entropic and
13	MaxLinear's breach of the MoCA IPR Policy, Dish California MaxLinear, DISH has
14	suffered damages in the form of costs and expenses associated with litigation and
15	diminution of reputation in the marketplace. DISH is entitled to recover these
16	damages, as well as any additional relief that may be appropriate or required to
17	address Entropic's and MaxLinear's tortious conduct.
18	— COUNT VIIDish California is entitled to recover these damages, as well as any
19	additional relief that may be appropriate or required to address Entropic's and
20	MaxLinear's breaches.
21	(As Against Counter-Defendant MaxLinear)
22	QUASI-CONTRACT FOR RESTITUTION / UNJUST ENRICHMENT
23	559.—DISH
24	557. <u>B1611</u>
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COUNT V: MAXLINEAR'S AND ENTROPIC'S FRAUD AND NEGLIGENT
MISREPRESENTATION
560.132. Counterclaim Plaintiff Dish California incorporates and realleges
the allegations set forth in Affirmative and Additional Defenses and its Counterclaim
Paragraphs 480 559,1-131, above, as if set forth fully herein.
561. On information and belief and as set forth above, Entropic
Communications Inc. and MaxLinear represented to the members of MoCA and their
affiliates including Dish California that they would license the Asserted Patents
under RAND terms and conditions and ensure any future owners of the Asserted
Patents would be obligated to offer licenses under RAND terms and conditions.
562.133. Entropic Communications Inc.'s and MaxLinear's representations
to that effect were false as shown by Entropic's failure to offer Dish California a
license to the Asserted Patents under RAND terms., MaxLinear has received
significant benefits from its participation in MoCA. On information and belief,
Entropic Communications Inc. and MaxLinear knew their representations were false
at the time such representations were made or such representations were made
recklessly and without regard these benefits include (for the truth of such
representations. On information and belief, Entropic Communications Inc. and
MaxLinear had no reasonable grounds for believing the representation was true when
it was made.example) substantial sales of its MoCA-compatible products as well as
reputational benefits such as its claim to be a pioneer in the development of MoCA
technology. 19
134. On information and belief, the benefits received by MaxLinear were at
DISH's expense.

entropic,-reaffirms-its-fourt (last visited January 10, 2023).

¹⁹ "MaxLinear to Acquire Entropic, Reaffirms its Fourth Quarter 2014 Guidance and Provides Outlook for the First Quarter 2015," available at

https://www.maxlinear.com/news/press-releases/2015/maxlinear-to-acquire-

135. For example, as acknowledged by Original Entropic Communications Inc. made this representation intending Dish California, there existed many possible technologies that could have been adopted at the time MoCA was being developed and pursued. As Original Entropic acknowledged in its December 31, 2014, Form 10-K SEC filing:

With regard to Connectivity solutions, some service providers, ODMs and OEMs have adopted, and others may adopt, multimedia content delivery solutions that rely on the representation, and Dish California, in fact, relied on this representation as shown by its affiliation with a MoCA member and incorporation of certain technologies other than the MoCA standard or may choose to wait for the introduction of products and technologies that serve as a replacement or substitute for, or represent an improvement over, MoCA-based solutions. The alternative technology in-solutions which compete with MoCAbased solutions include Ethernet, HomePNA, HomePlug AV and Wi-Fi. It is critical to our success that additional service providers, including telecommunications carriers, digital broadcast satellite service providers and cable operators, adopt the MoCA standard for home networking and deploy MoCA solutions to their customers. If the market for MoCA-based solutions does not continue to develop or develops more slowly than we expect, or if we make errors in predicting adoption and deployment rates for these solutions, our revenues may be significantly adversely affected. Our operating results may also be adversely affected by any delays in consumer upgrade to HD services, delays in consumer adoption of OTT services, or if the

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1	market for OTT services develops more slowly than we
2	expect. ²⁰
3	563.136. To induce the wide adoption of MoCA standards, including by
4	DISH, MaxLinear and the other MoCA members asserted they would agree to license
5	essential patents on RAND terms. In reliance on that assurance, DISH made
6	considerable expenditures that enriched MaxLinear to adopt MoCA technology into
7	its products.business.
8	564. Entropic Communications Inc.'s representation harmed Dish California
9	at least due to the significant cost of the instant litigation which may have been
10	avoided if Entropic offered Dish California a license to the Asserted Patents under
11	RAND terms and conditions.
12	137. On information and belief, Entropic is the successor to Entropic
13	Communications Inc. and The benefits MaxLinear such that recognition of the fiction
14	of separate corporate existence would foster an injustice and that Entropic may be
15	deemed liable for the obligations of Entropic Communications Inc. and received were
16	obtained as a result of its false, misleading and/or mistaken representations and
17	requests. As discussed above (paragraphs 111-122) MaxLinear made false
18	representations, including misrepresenting to the public it would license essential
19	patents on RAND terms.
20	138. These actions created, at minimum, a quasi-contract that MaxLinear has
21	now breached by retaining the benefits conferred unjustly. Equity and good
22	conscience accordingly demands that MaxLinear disgorge and provide restitution of
23	any and all monies and profits from MaxLInear's unjust enrichment.
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27	20 https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1227930/000122793015000006/entr20141
28	23110-k.htm
	I I I X

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2	COUNT VIII
3	(As Against Counter-Defendants MaxLinear and Entropic)
4	COMBINATION IN RESTRAINT OF TRADE
5	139. DISH incorporates and realleges the allegations set forth in its
6	Counterclaim Paragraphs 1-138, above, as if set forth fully herein.
7	140. Section 1 of the Sherman Act makes unlawful "[e]very contract,
8	combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy, in restraint of trade or
9	commerce among the several States, or with foreign nations." 15 U.S.C. § 1. As the
10	factNinth Circuit has articulated, "[t]o state a claim under Section 1 of the Sherman
11	Act," a plaintiff must plead facts that at least one purpose of the assignment of would
12	prove "(1) a contract, combination or conspiracy amongst two or more persons or
13	distinct business entities; (2) by which the persons intended to harm or restrain trade
14	or commerce among the several states, or with foreign nations; and (3) which actually
15	injures competition." Kendall v. Visa U.S.A., Inc., 518 F.3d 1042, 1047 (9th Cir.
16	<u>2008).</u>
17	141. There is a market in the United States for home networking. Home
18	networking devices might consist of, for example, routers or other devices that allow
19	users to connect laptops and phones to the Internet. MoCA standards provide one
20	way that users might connect various devices to the Internet at home through the use
21	of coaxial cables that may already exist in their home.
22	142. There is also a market in the United States for home television services.
23	Home television services may comprise the delivery of television channels through a
24	wired cable connection to a user's home, through the use of satellites and satellite
25	dishes, or over the Internet.
26	143. Consumers will pay more for more reliable and faster home networking,
27	and more reliable television service. For example, makers of home networking
28	equipment routinely tout the speed that their devices will allow consumers to use; and

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home	television	providers	tout	the	reliability	and	ease-of-setup	for	home	television
							•			
servic	es.									

Agreement with Entropic that transferred ownership of the Asserted Patents. As also discussed above (see paragraphs 124-131) MaxLinear and Entropic entered into this agreement in an attempt to "wash" the Asserted Patents was for escaping the obligations to offer a of any obligation to license underon RAND terms., despite each's obligation to do so pursuant to the MoCA IPR Policy.

145. Due to As courts have explained, when a subsequent purchase of RAND-committed patents attempts to "reject[] FRAND," the patent owner becomes "an unconstrained an unlawful monopolist in violation of the antitrust laws." *HTC Corp. v. IPCom GmbH & Co., KG*, No. CV 08-1897 (RMC), 2010 WL 11719073, at *6 (D.D.C. Nov. 5, 2010). Accordingly, because (on information and belief), a purpose of the Patent Purchase Agreement was to avoid a RAND obligation, the intent of Entropic and MaxLinear was to engage in monopolistic behavior and unreasonably harm competition in the market for home networking and home television services. More specifically, on information and belief, Entropic and MaxLinear attempted to "wash" the asserted patents of RAND-obligations in order to charge exorbitantly-high licensing fees (such as the \$1 billion dollar demand made by Entropic)—thus driving up the cost of home networking and home television services for end users.

146. Competition in the relevant markets has been injured as a result of Entropic's and MaxLinear's behavior. By way of example, MaxLinear's and Entropic's behavior forces the providers of home television services to engage in expensive litigation (rather than negotiate a RAND license)—costs that must eventually be passed on to end-users. Moreover, if Entropic gets its demand for \$1 billion, those costs must also be additionally passed on to end-users of home television services, further driving up the costs. These additional costs reduce or eliminate the potential price benefit to consumer that MoCA based networking provides as

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compared	l to	compe	ting	technol	logies,	such	as	recent	gene	rations	of	WiFi	based
1 .	3.7	1.11	3.6	т.			1	1	-		• ,		
products.	Me	eanwhil	le, Ma	<u>axLinea</u>	ar is al	ole to	cha	rge a h	<u>igher</u>	rate for	r its	own	<u>MoCA</u>
compatibl	le pr	oducts	due t	o the ar	rtificia	l infla	tion	of mai	rket p	rices.			

566.147. As a direct and proximate result of Entropic's and MaxLinear's fraud and negligent misrepresentations. Dish California unlawful restraint of trade. DISH has been harmed in an amount to be established at trial. DISH has suffered damages in the form of costs and expenses associated with litigation and diminution of reputation in the marketplace. DISH is entitled to recover these damages, as well as any additional relief that may be appropriate or required to address Entropic's and MaxLinear's illegal conduct.

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COUNT IX

(As Against Counter-Defendants MaxLinear and Entropic By Dish California-) VIOLATION OF THE CARTWRIGHT ACT

148. DISH incorporates and realleges the allegations set forth in its Counterclaim Paragraphs 1-147, above, as if set forth fully herein.

149. The California Cartwright Act prohibits "trusts," which are defined as combinations of capital, skill, or acts by two or more persons to, inter alia, create or carry out restrictions in trade or commerce. See California Bus. & Prof. Code § 16720. This statute is the California counterpart to section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act. and California courts have looked to federal law when interpreting the provisions of this act. Thus, like section 1 of the Sherman Act, the Cartwright Act "prohibits combinations in unreasonable restraint of trade." Marsh v. Anesthesia Servs. Med. Grp., Inc., 200 Cal. App. 4th 480, 493 (2011).

- 150. As discussed above, there is a market in the United States for both home networking and for home television service. These markets also exist in California.
- 151. Dish California participates in the market for home television service in California.

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DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITIONAL CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO DEFENSES, AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COMPLAINT

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152. As discussed above, MaxLinear executed a Patent Purchase Agreement
with Entropic that transferred ownership of the Asserted Patents. As also discussed
above (see paragraphs 123-131) MaxLinear and Entropic entered into this agreement
in an attempt to "wash" the Asserted Patents of any obligation to license on RAND
terms, despite each's obligation to do so pursuant to the MoCA IPR Policy.

153. As courts have explained, when a subsequent purchase of RAND-committed patents attempts to "reject[] FRAND," the patent owner becomes "an unconstrained an unlawful monopolist in violation of the antitrust laws." *HTC Corp. v. IPCom GmbH & Co., KG*, No. CV 08-1897 (RMC), 2010 WL 11719073, at *6 (D.D.C. Nov. 5, 2010). Accordingly, because (on information and belief), the purpose of the Patent Purchase Agreement was to avoid a RAND obligation, the intent of Entropic and MaxLinear was to engage in monopolistic behavior and unreasonably harm competition in the market for home networking and home television services. More specifically, on information and belief, Entropic and MaxLinear attempted to "wash" the asserted patents of RAND-obligations in order to charge exorbitantly-high licensing fees (such as the \$1 billion dollar demand made by Entropic)—thus driving up the cost of home networking and home television services for end users.

Entropic's and MaxLinear's behavior. By way of example, MaxLinear's and Entropic's behavior forces the providers of home television services to engage in expensive litigation (rather than negotiate a RAND license)—costs that must eventually be passed on to end-users. Moreover, if Entropic gets its demand for \$1 billion, those costs must also be additionally passed on to end-users of home television services, further driving up the costs. These additional costs reduce or eliminate the potential price benefit to consumers that MoCA based networking provides as compared to competing technologies, such as recent generations of WiFi based products. Meanwhile, MaxLinear is able to charge a higher rate for its own MoCA compatible products due to the artificial inflation of market prices.

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567.155. As a direct and proximate result of Entropic's and MaxLinear's
unlawful restraint of trade, Dish California has been harmed in an amount to be
established at trial. Dish California has suffered damages in the form of costs and
expenses associated with litigation and diminution of reputation in the marketplace.
Dish California is entitled to recover these damages, as well as any additional relief
that may be appropriate or required to address Entropic's and MaxLinear's
tortious illegal conduct.
COUNT VI: CIVIL CONSPIRACY BETWEEN AND AMONG MAXLINEAR
AND ENTROPIC
568. Counterclaim Plaintiff Dish California incorporates and realleges the
allegations set forth in Affirmative and Additional Defenses and Counterclaim
Paragraphs 480-567, above, as if set forth fully herein.
569. On information and belief, Dish California was harmed by a conspiracy
between and among Entropic, MaxLinear, Entropic Communications Inc., Exar
Corporation, Excalibur Acquisition Corporation, Excalibur Subsidiary, LLC, and any
other predecessors in interest to the Asserted Patents (collectively, "Conspirators")
for inducing breach of contract, fraud, and/or negligent misrepresentation.
570. On information and belief, the Conspirators had actual knowledge of the
planned tort of inducing breach of contract, fraud, and/or negligent misrepresentation
and concurred in the tortious scheme with knowledge of its unlawful purpose.
For the reasons set forth above, (a) a valid contract between the Entropic
Communications Inc. and the members of MoCA and their affiliates
including Dish California existed, (b) Entropic and the Conspirators had
knowledge of this contract; (c) the Conspirators committed intentional acts
designed to induce a breach or disruption of the contractual relationship by
failing to offer Dish California a license to the Asserted Patents under RAND
terms and conditions and failure to require assignments of the Asserted Patents
to include a provision under MoCA IPR Policy § 5.1.2; (d) actual breach or
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disruption of the contractual relationship occurred through Entropic's failure
to offer Dish California a license to the Asserted Patents under RAND terms
and conditions and failure to include a provision under MoCA IPR Policy §
5.1.2; and (e) damages to Dish California have occurred at least through the
expense of fees and costs of this litigation and reputational harm. COUNT X

(As Against Counter-Defendants MaxLinear and Entropic)
PATENT MISUSE

571. DISH

COUNT VII: DECLARATORY JUDGMENT THAT THE ASSERTED PATENTS ARE UNENFORCEABLE AGAINST DISH CALIFORNIA

572.156. Counterclaim Plaintiff Dish California incorporates and realleges the allegations set forth in Affirmative and Additional Defenses and its Counterclaim Paragraphs 480-571,1-155, above, as if set forth fully herein.

157. The Asserted Patents are unenforceable against Dish California because of estoppel, laches, waiver, unclean hands, federal Patent Laws make it unlawful for the owner of a patent exhaustion, implied license, and/or other equitable doctrines. to attempt to extent the monopoly right granted by a patent beyond its appropriate bounds. A finding of Patent Misuse renders a patent unenforceable.

Patent Misuse by, inter alia, attempting to "wash" the Asserted Patents of RAND encumbrances. As discussed previously, Entropic and MaxLinear engaged in standards setting misconduct, including without limitation Entropic's breach of its commitments to license any essential patents on RAND terms renderingdevised a scheme to transfer the Asserted Patents unenforceable if Entropic's admissionfrom MaxLinear to Entropic without including any indication that the Asserted Patents are standard essential patents for at least one version of were encumbered by the RAND obligations imposed by the MoCA standard is true.IPR Policy.

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1	574. As set forth above, Entropic has chosen to engage in litigation rather than
2	good faith negotiation to reach agreement on RAND terms and conditions for Dish
3	California to license the Asserted Patents.
4	575. Entropic has failed to provide Dish California with RAND terms and
5	conditions for a license to the Asserted Patents.
6	576. As a result of the acts described in the foregoing paragraphs, there exists
7	a substantial controversy of sufficient immediacy and reality to warrant the issuance
8	of a declaratory judgment to this Court holding the Asserted Patents are unenforceable
9	against Dish California.
10	159. As a direct and proximate result of Entropic's and MaxLinear's misuse
11	of the Asserted Patents, DISH has been harmed in an amount to be established at trial.
12	DISH has suffered damages in the form of costs and expenses associated with
13	litigation and diminution of reputation in the marketplace. DISH is entitled to recover
14	these damages, as well as any additional relief that may be appropriate or required to
15	address Entropic's and MaxLinear's illegal conduct.
16	
17	COUNT XI
18	(As Against Counter-Defendants MaxLinear and Entropic)
19	VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS & PROFESSIONS CODE
20	160. DISH incorporates and realleges the allegations set forth in its
21	Counterclaim Paragraphs 1-159 above, as if set forth fully herein.
22	161. The California Business & Professions Code, section 17200 et seq. make
23	it unlawful for any person to engage in unfair competition, which includes "any
24	unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice." "The 'unlawful' practices
25	prohibited by section 17200 are any practices forbidden by law, be it civil or criminal,
26	federal, state, or municipal, statutory, regulatory, or court-made. It is not necessary
27	that the predicate law provide for private civil enforcement." Watson Labs., Inc. v.
28	Rhone-Poulenc Rorer, Inc., 178 F. Supp. 2d 1099, 1120 (C.D. Cal. 2001).

Case 2:23-cv-01043-JWH-KES Document 305-22 Filed 01/31/24 Page 117 of 122 Page ID REDACTED VERSION OF DOCUMENT PROPOSED TO BE FILED UNDER SEAL 162. As discussed above, Entropic and MaxLinear have engaged in actions made unlawful under at least Section of the Sherman Act, the Cartwright Act, and under the Patent Laws of the United States, by engaging in an assignment of the Asserted Patents in an attempt to "wash" them of RAND encumbrances. 163. As a direct and proximate result of Entropic's and MaxLinear's unlawful behavior, DISH has been harmed in an amount to be established at trial. DISH has suffered damages in the form of costs and expenses associated with litigation and diminution of reputation in the marketplace. DISH is entitled to recover these damages, as well as any additional relief that may be appropriate or required to address Entropic's and MaxLinear's illegal conduct. **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 577.164. Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Dish California DISH demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable. DISH CALIFORNIA'S DISH'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE AND ADDITION

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1	PRAYER FOR RELIEF
2	WHEREFORE, Dish California DISH prays that:
3	A. Entropic take nothing by way of its Complaint and the same be dismissed
4	with prejudice;
5	B. All damages, costs, expenses, attorneys' fees, or other relief sought by
6	Entropic be denied;
7	C. Judgment be entered that each asserted claim of Entropic's Asserted Patents
8	is invalid and/or unenforceable;
9	D. Judgment be entered that each of the asserted Entropic U.S. patents declared
10	by it to be essential to the MoCA Standards is unenforceable;
11	E. Judgment be entered establishing that Dish California DISH is entitled to
12	any necessary license to Entropic's Asserted Patents on RAND terms;
13	F. Judgment be entered establishing the terms of any necessary RAND license
14	to the Entropic's Asserted Patents;
15	G. Judgment be entered voiding any assignment of Entropic's Asserted Patents
16	to Entropic;
17	H. The Court grant injunctive relief and/or specific performance of the MoCA
18	IPR Policy requiring that Entropic make available to Dish California DISH
19	a license to the Asserted Patents on RAND terms;
20	I. Judgment be entered that Entropic has breached its RAND contractual
21	commitment;
22	J. Judgment be entered that Dish California MaxLinear has breached the
23	MoCA IPR Policy;
24	K. Judgement that Entropic and MaxLinear have engaged in unlawful
25	monopolistic behavior in violation of federal and California anti-trust laws
26	L. Judgment that Entropic and MaxLinear have engaged in conduct made
27	unlawful by section 17200 of the California Business & Professional Code
28	117

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1	J.M. Judgment be entered that DISH has not infringed, contributed to the
2	infringement of, or induced others to infringe, either directly or indirectly
3	any valid or enforceable claims of Entropic's Asserted Patents, willfully or
4	otherwise;
5	K.N. Judgment be entered awarding Dish California DISH damages and pre-
6	judgment and post-judgment interest for Entropic's breaches of its RAND
7	obligations on Entropic's Asserted Patents;
8	L.O. Judgment be entered awarding Dish California DISH damages and pre-
9	judgment and post-judgment interest for Entropic's and MaxLinear's
10	breaches of its RAND obligations on Entropic's Asserted Patents;
11	M.P. Judgment be entered as the Court finds necessary to redress injury to
12	Dish California DISH including, but not limited to, disgorgement of ill-
13	gotten monies from Entropic and MaxLinear's for their breaches of RAND
14	obligations;
15	N.Q. Judgment be entered for Dish California DISH for recovery for
16	Entropic's fraud, negligent misrepresentation, as well as any additional
17	relief that may be appropriate or required to address Entropic's tortious
18	conduct;
19	O.R. Judgment be entered for Dish California DISH for recovery for
20	MaxLinear's fraud, negligent misrepresentation, as well as any additional
21	relief that may be appropriate or required to address MaxLinear's tortious
22	conduct;
23	P.S. Judgment be entered holding for DISH for Entropic and MaxLinear liable
24	for MaxLinear's conspiracy to commit fraud, as well as any additional relief
25	that may be appropriate to address the tortious conduct of Entropic
26	Communications Inc., MaxLinear Communications LLC, MaxLinear Inc.
27	Exar Corporation, Excalibur Acquisition Corporation, and Excalibus
28	Subsidiary, LLC; conspiracy;

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Case No. 2:23-cv-1043-JWH-KES

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